# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

### **FORM 10-K**

OR

☐ Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

**COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 0-9376** 

## **INNOVATIVE FOOD HOLDINGS, INC.**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

**FLORIDA** 

20-1167761

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

28411 Race Track Rd.

<u>Bonita Springs, Florida 34135</u>
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(239) 596-0204

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(B) OF THE ACT:  $\bf NONE$ 

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(G) OF THE ACT: COMMON STOCK, \$0.0001 PAR VALUE PER SHARE (Title of class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes □ No ⊠
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. $\Box$
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes $\boxtimes$ No $\square$
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes $\boxtimes$ No $\square$
Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. □

	accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth								
Large accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer □	Accelerated filer □ Smaller reporting company ⊠ Emerging Growth Company □								
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. $\Box$									
Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in	n Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $\square$ No $\boxtimes$								
The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting stock held by non-affiliates was approximately \$15,870,771 as of June 30, 2019, based upon a closing price of \$0.54 per share for the registrant's common stock on such date.									
On May 11, 2020, a total of 34,416,984 shares of our common stock were out	standing.								
<b>EXPLANATORY NOTE</b> This Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 is being filed pursuant to the order of the Securities and Exchange Commission contained in SEC Release No. 34-88465, dated March 25, 2020 (the "Order"). We filed a Form 8-K on March 30, 2020, the original due date of the Form 10-K, indicating our reliance on the relief granted by the Order.									

### INNOVATIVE FOOD HOLDINGS, INC.

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## FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION MAY PROVE INACCURATE

THIS ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K CONTAINS CERTAIN FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND INFORMATION RELATING TO US THAT ARE BASED ON THE BELIEFS OF MANAGEMENT, AS WELL AS ASSUMPTIONS MADE BY AND INFORMATION CURRENTLY AVAILABLE TO US. WHEN USED IN THIS DOCUMENT, THE WORDS "ANTICIPATE," "BELIEVE," "ESTIMATE," "SHOULD," "PLAN," AND "EXPECT" AND SIMILAR EXPRESSIONS, AS THEY RELATE TO US, ARE INTENDED TO IDENTIFY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. SUCH STATEMENTS REFLECT OUR CURRENT VIEWS WITH RESPECT TO FUTURE EVENTS AND ARE SUBJECT TO CERTAIN RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES AND ASSUMPTIONS, INCLUDING THOSE DESCRIBED IN THIS ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K. SHOULD ONE OR MORE OF THESE RISKS OR UNCERTAINTIES MATERIALIZE, OR SHOULD UNDERLYING ASSUMPTIONS PROVE INCORRECT, ACTUAL RESULTS MAY VARY MATERIALLY FROM THOSE DESCRIBED HEREIN AS ANTICIPATED, BELIEVED, ESTIMATED, PLANNED OR EXPECTED. WE DO NOT INTEND TO UPDATE THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS.

#### PART I

#### **ITEM 1. Business**

#### **Our History**

We (or "IVFH") (or the "Company") were initially formed in June 1979 as Alpha Solarco Inc., a Colorado corporation. From June 1979 through February 2003, we were either inactive or involved in discontinued business ventures. We changed our name to Fiber Application Systems Technology, Ltd in February 2003. In January 2004, we changed our state of incorporation by merging into Innovative Food Holdings, Inc. (IVFH), a Florida corporation formed for that purpose. As a result of the merger, we changed our name to that of Innovative Food Holdings, Inc. In January 2004, we also acquired Food Innovations, Inc. ("FII" or "Food Innovations"), a Florida corporation, for 500,000 shares of our common stock.

On May 18, 2012, the Company executed a Stock Purchase Agreement to acquire all of the issued and outstanding shares of Artisan Specialty Foods, Inc., an Illinois corporation ("Artisan"), from its owner, Mr. David Vohaska. The purchase price was \$1.2 million, with up to another \$300,000 (with a fair value of \$131,000) payable in the event certain financial milestones are met over the next one or two years. Those milestones have been met.

On November 2, 2012, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement (the "Haley Acquisition") with The Haley Group, LLC whereby we acquired all existing assets of The Haley Group, LLC and its customers. The Haley Acquisition was valued at a total cost of \$119,645.

On June 30, 2014, pursuant to a purchase agreement, the Company purchased 100% of the membership interest of Organic Food Brokers, LLC, a Colorado limited liability company ("OFB"), for \$300,000, 100,000 four year options at a price of \$1.46 per share, and up to an additional \$225,000 in earn-outs if certain milestones are met.

On August 15, 2014, pursuant to a merger agreement, the Company acquired The Fresh Diet, Inc. ("FD"). Effective February 23, 2016, the Company closed a transaction to sell 90% of its ownership in FD for consideration consisting primarily of a restructuring of our loans, which includes the ability to convert to additional amounts of FD under certain circumstances. There is no continuing cash inflows or outflows from or to the discontinued operations.

Pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of January 1, 2017 the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Oasis Sales Corp. ("Oasis"), purchased substantially all of the assets of Oasis Sales and Marketing, L.L.C. for \$300,000 cash; a \$200,000 structured equity instrument which can be paid in cash or shares of the Company stock at the Company's option, anytime under certain conditions, or is automatically payable via the issuance of 200,000 shares if the Company's shares close above \$1.00 for ten consecutive days; a \$100,000 note; and up to an additional \$400,000 in earn-outs over two years if certain milestones are met. The Agreement also contains claw-back provisions if certain revenue conditions are not met. The milestones have been met.

Effective January 24, 2018, pursuant to an asset acquisition agreement, our wholly-owned subsidiary, Innovative Gourmet LLC ("Innovative Gourmet"), acquired substantially all of the assets and certain liabilities of igourmet LLC and igourmet NY LLC, privately-held New York limited liability companies located in West Pittston, Pennsylvania (collectively, "Sellers") engaged in the sale, marketing, and distribution of specialty food and specialty food items through www.igourmet.com, online marketplaces, additional direct-to-consumer platforms, distribution to foodservice, retail stores and other wholesale accounts, pursuant to the terms of an Asset Purchase Agreement. The consideration for and in connection with the acquisition consisted of: (i) \$1,500,000, which satisfied or reduced secured, priority and administrative debt of Sellers; (ii) in connection with and prior to the acquisition, our wholly-owned subsidiary, Food Funding, LLC ("Food Funding"), funded advances of \$325,000 to Sellers on a secured basis, pursuant to certain loan documents and as bridge loans, which loans were reduced by the proceeds of the Asset Purchase Agreement; (iii) the purchase for \$200,000 of certain debt owed by Sellers, to be paid out of, if available, Innovative Gourmet's cash flow; (iv) potential contingent liability allocation for a percentage of Sellers' approximately \$2,300,000 of certain debt, not purchased or assumed by Innovative Gourmet, which under certain circumstances, Innovative Gourmet may determine to pay; and (v) additional purchase price consideration of (a) up to a maximum of \$1,500,000, if EBITDA of Innovative Gourmet reaches \$800,000 thousand in 2018, (b) up to a maximum of \$1,750,000, if EBITDA of Innovative Gourmet in 2019 exceeds its EBITDA in 2018 by at least 20% and if its EBITDA reaches \$5,000,000; and (c) up to a maximum of \$2,125,000, if EBITDA of Innovative Gourmet in 2020 exceeds its EBITDA in 2019 by at least 20% and if its EBITDA reaches \$8,000,000. The EBITDA based earnout shall be paid 37.5% in cash, 25% in IVFH shares valued at the time of the closing of this transaction and 37.5%, at Innovative Gourmet's option, in IVFH shares valued at the time of the payment of the earnout or in cash. The additional purchase price consideration milestone for 2018 and 2019 were not met. In connection with the acquisition, our wholly-owned subsidiary, Food Funding, purchased Seller's senior secured note at a price of approximately \$1,187,000, pursuant to the terms of a Loan Sale Agreement with UPS Capital Business Credit. That note was reduced by the proceeds of the Asset Purchase Agreement. See Item (i) above.

Effective July 6, 2018, pursuant to an asset purchase agreement between Mouth Foods, Inc. ("Mouth") and our wholly-owned subsidiary M Innovations LLC ("M Innovations") (the "MFI APA"), the Company acquired certain assets of Mouth from MFI (assignment for the benefit of creditors), LLC, in connection with a Delaware assignment proceeding. The MFI APA was accounted for as an acquisition of an ongoing business where the Company was treated as the acquirer and the acquired assets and assumed liabilities were recorded by the Company at their preliminary estimated fair values. Mouth, a privately held New York company operating out of Brooklyn, was an expert curator and online retailer of high quality specialty foods from small-batch makers in the US.

The consideration for and in connection with the acquisition consisted of (i) closing related cash payments of \$208,355; (ii) additional revenue-based contingent liabilities valued by management at \$100,000 related to certain future sales of purchased assets payable under the following terms: payment of 5% of certain revenues, with no payments on the first \$500,000 of revenues and no payments on revenues after June 30, 2020; (iii) additional revenue based contingent liabilities of up to \$185,000 associated with the purchase of certain debt of the seller; and (iv) additional contingent liability consideration valued by management at approximately \$20,000.

Effective July 23, 2019, P Innovations LLC ("P Innovations") acquired certain assets of GBC Sub, Inc. (d/b/a The GiftBox) ("GiftBox") (the "GiftBox Asset Purchase Agreement"). GiftBox, a privately held Nevada corporation controlled by David Polinsky, a director of the Company, was in the business of subscription-based ecommerce. The consideration for the assets purchased was a nominal amount of cash. The GiftBox Asset Purchase Agreement also provides the sellers the option to acquire 30% of P Innovations subject to dilution for a period of thirty-six months following the date of the Giftbox Asset Purchase Agreement; the option will only be exercisable if there is a spinoff of P Innovations to Innovative Food Holdings' shareholders. The Company is evaluating its preliminary purchase price allocation. As a result, during the preliminary purchase price allocation period, which may be up to one year from the asset purchase date, we may record adjustments to the assets acquired.

#### **Our Operations**

Our business is currently conducted by our wholly owned subsidiaries, some of which are non-operating, Artisan ("Artisan"), Food Innovations ("FII"), Food New Media Group, Inc. ("FNM"), Organic Food Brokers ("OFB"), Gourmet Food Service Group, Inc. ("GFG"), Gourmet Foodservice Warehouse, Inc. ("GFW"), Gourmeting, Inc. ("Gourmeting"), The Haley Group, Inc. ("Haley"), Oasis Sales Corp. ("Oasis"), 4 The Gourmet, Inc. (d/b/a For The Gourmet, Inc.), ("Gourmet"), Innovative Food Properties LLC ("IFP"), Innovative Gourmet, LLC ("Innovative Gourmet" or "igourmet"), Food Funding, LLC ("Food Funding"), M Innovations, LLC ("M Innovations"), Logistics Innovations, LLC ("L Innovations"), P Innovations, LLC, and collectively with IVFH and its other subsidiaries, the "Company" or "IVFH") have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation of these entities.

Overall, our business activities are focused around the creation and growth of a platform which provides distribution or the enabling of distribution of high quality, unique specialty food and food related products ranging from specialty foodservice products to Consumer-Packaged Goods ("CPG") products through a variety of sales channels ranging from national partnership based and regionally based foodservice related sales channels to e-commerce sales channels offering products both direct to consumers ("D2C") and direct to business ("B2B"). In our business model, we receive orders from our customers and then work closely with our suppliers and our warehouse facilities to have the orders fulfilled. In order to maintain freshness and quality, we carefully select our suppliers based upon, among other factors, their quality, uniqueness, reliability and access to overnight courier services.

FII, though its relationship with the producers, growers, and makers of thousands of unique specialty foodservice products and through its relationship with US Foods, Inc. ("U.S. Foods" or "USF"), has been in the business of providing premium restaurants, within 24 - 72 hours, with the freshest origin-specific perishable, and healthcare products shipped directly from our network of vendors and from our warehouses. Our customers include restaurants, hotels, country clubs, national chain accounts, casinos, hospitals and catering houses.

Gourmet has been in the business of providing specialty food via e-commerce through its own website at www.forethegourmet.com and through other ecommerce channels, with unique specialty gourmet food products shipped directly from our network of vendors and from our warehouses within 24 – 72 hours. GFG is focused on expanding the Company's program offerings to additional customers.

Artisan is a supplier of over 1,500 unique specialty foodservice products to over 500 customers such as chefs, restaurants, etc. in the Greater Chicago area and serves as a national fulfillment center for certain of the Company's other subsidiaries.

IFP was formed to hold the Company's real estate holdings including the recently acquired facility in PA.

P Innovations' focus is to leverage acquired assets to expand the Company's subscription-based e-commerce business activities.

L Innovations provides 3rd party warehouse and fulfillment services, out of its first location at the Company's Mountaintop, Pennsylvania facility.

Haley is a dedicated foodservice consulting and advisory firm that works closely with companies to access private label and manufacturers' private label food service opportunities with the intent of helping them launch and commercialize new products in the broadline foodservice industry and assists in the enabling of the distribution of products via national broadline food distributors.

OFB and Oasis function as outsourced national sales and brand management teams for emerging organic and specialty food CPG companies of a variety of sizes and business stages and provides emerging and unique CPG specialty food brands with distribution and shelf placement access in all of the major metro markets in the food retail industry.

igourmet has been in the business of providing D2C specialty food via e-commerce through its own website at www.igourmet.com and through other channels including www.amazon.com, and www.walmart.com. In addition, igourmet.com offers a line of B2B specialty foodservice items. Products are primarily shipped directly from igourmet.com's 67,000 square feet warehouse in Pennsylvania via igourmet.com owned trucks and via third party carrier directly to thousands of customers nationwide.

Mouth (www.mouth.com) is an online retailer of specialty foods, monthly subscription boxes and curated gift boxes to thousands of consumers and corporate customers nationwide. Mouth sources high quality specialty foods mainly crafted in the US by independent and small batch makers, and expertly curates them into standout food gifts for both consumers and corporate customers. Mouth also has launched a private label brand, including several award-winning products.

#### **Our Products**

We distribute over 7,000 perishable and specialty food and food related products, including origin-specific seafood, domestic and imported meats, exotic game and poultry, artisanal cheeses, freshly prepared meals, caviar, wild and cultivated mushrooms, micro-greens, organic farmed and manufactured food products, estate-bottled olive oils and aged vinegars and expertly curated food gift baskets, gift boxes and a full of line of food subscription based offerings. Products are sold under the brand of the respective vendor and are also offered under a variety of Company owned brands. In addition, we offer a line of niche specialty healthcare related products. On a regular basis we add additional products including new products from small batch makers and other unique specialty food products. We offer our nationwide customers access to the best food products available from around the world, quickly, most direct, and cost-effectively.

Some of the items we sell include:

- Seafood Alaskan wild king salmon, Hawaiian sashimi-grade ahi tuna, Gulf of Mexico day-boat snapper, Chesapeake Bay soft shell crabs, New England live lobsters, Japanese Hamachi
- Meat & Game Prime rib of American kurobuta pork, dry-aged buffalo tenderloin, domestic lamb, Cervena venison, elk tenderloin
- Produce White asparagus, baby carrot tri-color mix, Oregon wild ramps, heirloom tomatoes
- Poultry Grade A foie gras, Hudson Valley quail, free range and organic chicken, airline breast of pheasant
- •Specialty Truffle oils, fennel pollen, prosciutto di Parma, wild boar sausage
- •Mushrooms Fresh morels, Trumpet Royale, porcini powder, wild golden chanterelles
- •Cheese Maytag blue, buffalo mozzarella, Spanish manchego, Italian gorgonzola dolce

#### **Customer Service and Logistics**

Our foodservice focused, live chef-driven customer service department is generally available by telephone Monday through Thursday, from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. and on Friday from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Florida time. Our consumer-focused multi-lingual, customer care specialists are available by live chat and telephone Monday through Thursday, from 9 a.m. to 7:00 pm (ET), and on Friday from 9:00 am to 5 pm (ET). Our team is available and can be contacted 7 days a week via email and on social media platforms. The customer service departments are made up of a team of chefs and culinary experts, including a team of culinary trained chefs, who are full-time employees of the Company, and who are experienced in all aspects of perishable and specialty products. By employing chefs and culinary experts to handle customer service, we are able to provide our customers with extensive information about our products, including:

- Flavor profile and eating qualities
- Recipe and usage ideas
- Origin, seasonality, and availability
- Cross utilization ideas and complementary uses of products

Our logistics team manages the shipping and delivery process of every package to ensure timely delivery of products to our customers. We have developed the web-based capability to allow customers to seamlessly receive and send personal orders and gifts according to their desired schedule. The logistics manager receives shipping information on all products ordered, and packages are monitored from origin to delivery. In the event that delivery service is interrupted, our logistics department begins the process of expediting the package to its destination or potentially reshipping the package with a goal of 100% customer satisfaction for our customers. Our logistics manager works directly with our suppliers on an ongoing basis, to ensure that the appropriate packaging and shipping specifications are in place at all times. At the beginning of March 2020, as early signs were beginning to emerge that Covid-19 might potentially be a significant issue in the United states, we initiated additional preventative safety measure in our facilities and we continued adding additional preventative safety measures including protective gear for employees, temperature testing, ongoing onsite team of cleaning and sanitizing specialists, social distancing, special no contact package handling protocols and we continue to assess and add additional measures targeted towards the safety of our employees and the safety of our facilities and our products.

#### Relationship with U.S. Foods

We have historically sold the majority of our products, \$33,076,220 and \$30,386,189 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and 57% of total sales in each of the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, through a distributor relationship between FII, one of our wholly-owned subsidiaries, and subsidiaries of U.S. Foods, a leading broadline distributor. On January 26, 2015 we executed a contract directly between FII and U.S. Foods (the "U.S. Foods Agreement"). The term of the U.S. Foods Agreement was from January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2016 and provided for a limited number of automatic annual renewals thereafter if no party gives the other 30 days' notice of its intent not to renew. Based on the terms, the U.S. Foods Agreement was extended through December 31, 2018. Effective January 1, 2018 the U.S. Foods Agreement was further amended to remove the cap on renewals, and provide for an unlimited number of additional 12-month terms unless either party notifies the other in writing, 30 days prior to the end date, of its intent not to renew.

### **Growth Strategy**

Due to the COVID-19 outbreak in the United States the economic outlook for restaurant-based specialty food remains unclear. According to Technomic, despite their expressed excitement and love for restaurants and the experience they provide, consumers report a growing reluctance to quickly return to normal restaurant behaviors. In addition, according to Technomic, food establishment operators are also showing drops in optimism about the pace of reopening. Despite potentially experiencing the bottom of the sales drop, many operators are reporting that they do not expect a quick recovery and expect a prolonged ramp-up period and Technomic is estimating that U.S. restaurant industry sales will decline in 2020 by 11-27% depending on the length of the shutdown and any subsequent recession.

Credit Suisse Group estimates that 80% of U.S. household food spend now goes towards food-at-home vs. food-away-from-home. This is greater than the food-at-home spending share in 2018 of 47.6% and post-Great Recession peak of 50%, as per the United States Department of Agriculture's Economic Research Service. In addition, recent commentary from Neilsen indicates that with improvements in technology, infrastructure and experience, coupled with a reduction in barriers to trial, such as delivery length or shipping costs, buyer adoption of online CPG shopping has consistently increased over the last two years. Yet while those changes have increased adoption of online ordering, COVID-19 has caused another step change in the way consumers shop.

Prior to the onset of the COVID-19 outbreak, industry trends were very favorable towards market acceptance and continued growth of specialty food brands, which was a trend that bode well for us and our products.

For our continued growth within the specialty food space, we intend to focus our efforts in demand driven active sales channels and leverage our ability to offer our products across multiple selling channels including to professional chefs within the restaurant channel as well as directly to consumer at home via ecommerce. We expect to continue offering unique and premium quality products as well as new product introduction and innovation to our customers and potential customers. In addition, we plan on continuing to value and strive for a high level of personalized customer service.

We anticipate attempting to grow our business through:

- Increased ecommerce conversion rates by improving the shopping experience on our website.
- Growth in the number of unique visitors to our various ecommerce sites.
- Maximize sales of current product catalog to our existing customers and potential new customers.
- Introduction of new products to customers.
- Expansion of availability of branded products and new brands which are consistent with the changing demands of customers in the U.S.
- Leveraging igourmet.com and mouth.com toward further expansion of our sales and distribution channels either organically or through acquisition.
- Leveraging our platform to partner with both foodservice and other consumer oriented entities such as stores and celebrity brands, to offer unique product offerings related to specialty food and specialty food gifting.

In addition to attempting to grow our current business, we believe that there are lateral opportunities in the food industry. We may consider the possibility of acquiring specialty food manufacturers, specialty food distributors, small specialty food brands, or specialty food e-commerce businesses. We anticipate that, given our current cash flow levels, any acquisition could potentially involve the issuance of additional shares of our common stock or third party financing, which may not be available on acceptable terms. No acquisition will be consummated without thorough due diligence. No assurance can be given that we will be able to identify and successfully conclude negotiations with any potential target.

#### Competition

While we face intense competition in the marketing of our products and services, it is our belief that there are few companies, that offers such a broad range of customer service oriented, quality, chef driven products and specialty gourmet products, for delivery from same day to 72 hours. Our primary competition is from local purveyors that supply a limited local market and have a limited range of products and from the other specialty gourmet distributors and specialty food retail stores or ecommerce stores, and from the national, regional or local expansion of specialty and non-specialty food distributers and food stores and food focused ecommerce sites. In addition, many purveyors are well established, have reputations for success in the development and marketing of these types of products and services and have significantly greater financial, marketing, distribution, personnel and other resources. These financial and other capabilities permit such companies to implement extensive advertising and promotional campaigns, both generally and in response to efforts by additional competitors such as us, to enter into new markets and introduce new products and services.

#### Insurance

We maintain a Business Owners Policy with a general liability per occurrence limit of \$1,000,000 and aggregate policy covering \$2,000,000 of liability for all entities. The Company carries an Auto Policy with non-owned automobile bodily injury and property damage coverage with a limit of \$1,000,000 for all entities. The Company also carries an Umbrella policy of up to \$14,000,000 which covers all entities. The Company carries a Cyber policy of up to \$2,000,000 which covers all entities. The Company carries a Commercial Property Policy, for its buildings in PA and FL, with a limit of up to \$10,000,000 per occurrence. Such insurance may not be sufficient to cover all potential claims against us and additional insurance may not be available in the future at a reasonable price.

#### **Government Regulation**

Various federal and state laws currently exist, and more are sure to be adopted, regulating the delivery of fresh food products. We require specialty foodservice third-party vendors to certify that they maintain at least \$3,000,000 liability insurance coverage and compliance with Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP), an FDA- and USDA-mandated food safety program, or a similar standard. Any changes in the government regulation of delivering of fresh food products that hinders our current ability and/or cost to deliver fresh products, could adversely impact our net revenues and gross margins and, therefore, our profitability and cash flows could also be adversely affected.

#### **Employees**

We currently employ 136 full-time employees, including 8 chefs and 1 executive officer. We believe that our relations with our employees are satisfactory. None of our employees are represented by a union.

#### **Transactions with Major Customers**

Transactions with a major customer and related economic dependence information is set forth (1) following our discussion of Liquidity and Capital Resources, (2) Under the heading Major Customer in Note 18 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, (3) in Business – Relationship with U.S. Foods, (4) as the second item under Risk Factors.

#### How to Contact Us

Our executive offices are located at 28411 Race Track Rd., Bonita Springs, Florida 34135; our Internet address is www.ivfh.com; and our telephone number is (239) 596-0204. The contents of our website are not incorporated in or deemed to be a part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

We face risks related to health epidemics and other widespread outbreaks of contagious disease, which could significantly disrupt our sales and supply chain and impact our operating results.

Significant outbreaks of contagious diseases, and other adverse public health developments, could have a material impact on our business operations and operating results. In December 2019, a strain of novel coronavirus (COVID-19) causing respiratory illness and death emerged in the city of Wuhan in the Hubei province of China. The coronavirus was recently declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization and has been spreading throughout the world, including the United States, resulting in emergency measures, including travel bans, closure of retail stores, and restrictions on gatherings of more than a maximum number of people. Included in these emergency measures is the mandated full or partial closure of restaurants and other foodservice establishments across the United States. These foodservice establishments represent a significant portion of our revenues and their continued closure would likely have a detrimental effect on our business.

In addition, in the relatively short period with which the world has been dealing with this pandemic, significant economic turmoil has already impacted world markets. Numerous nationally recognized economists are predicting that the disease will lead to a worldwide recession. Should that occur, we can expect that our sales, net income and cash flows will be negatively impacted. While the governmental organizations of the United States, as well as governments across the world, are implementing emergency economic measures and announcing the consideration of additional emergency economic assistance packages, it is unclear what impact they are having, and will have, on the economy in the United States and worldwide. Great uncertainty surrounds the length of time this disease will continue to spread, the potential effect the disease, or the fear of the disease, could have on any area of our business operations, the number of people it will impact, directly and indirectly, and the extent governments will continue to impose, or add additional, quarantines, curfews, travel restrictions and closures of restaurants and other foodservice establishments. In addition, even following control of the disease and the end of the pandemic, the economic dislocation caused by the disease to so many people may linger and be so significant that consumers' focus could be directed away from spending for products such as ours for an extended period of time. In addition, if the economy does not begin recovering and foodservice revenues do not increase, there could be financial stress on the Company which may require the Company to take additional measures appropriate under those circumstances. For all of these reasons, the impact on sales, net income and cash flows can be significant depending on the items mentioned above but at this time we cannot quantify the specific extent of the impact this disease will have on our sales, net income and cash flows.

#### Prior to 2013, We Have a History of Losses Requiring Us to Seek Additional Sources of Capital.

As of December 31, 2019, we had an accumulated deficit of \$24,734,769. We cannot assure you that we can achieve profitability on a quarterly or annual basis in the future. If revenues grow more slowly than we anticipate, or if operating expenses exceed our expectations or cannot be adjusted accordingly, or other extraordinary events occur, we will incur losses. Our possible success is dependent upon the successful development and marketing of our services and products, as well as continued expansion of our products and customers, as to which we can give no assurance. Any future success that we might enjoy will depend upon many factors, including factors out of our control or which cannot be predicted at this time. These factors may include changes in or increased levels of competition, including the entry of additional competitors and increased success by existing competitors, changes in general economic conditions, increases in operating costs, including costs of supplies, personnel, marketing and promotions, reduced margins caused by competitive pressures and other economic and non-economic factors. These conditions may have a materially adverse effect upon us or may force us to curtail operations. In addition, we could require additional funds to sustain and expand our sales and marketing activities, particularly if a well-financed competitor emerges. We can give no assurance that financing will be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to us, if at all. Our inability in such instance to obtain sufficient funds from our operations or external sources could require us to curtail operations.

We Have Historically Derived Substantially Most of Our Revenue From One Client and if We Were to Lose Such Client and Be Unable to Generate New Sales to Offset Such Loss, We May Be Forced to Cease or Curtail Our Operations.

In 2003, Next Day Gourmet initially contracted with our subsidiary, Food Innovations, to handle the distribution of over 3,000 perishable and specialty food products to customers of USF. Effective January 1, 2018, we executed a contract amendment between Food Innovations, Inc., our wholly-owned subsidiary, and U.S. Foods which provides for no limit on automatic annual renewals thereafter if no party gives the other 30 days' notice of its intent not to renew. Our sales through USF's sales force generated gross revenues for us of \$33,076,220 in the year ended December 31, 2019, and \$30,386,189 in the year ended December 31, 2018. Those amounts contributed 57% of our total sales for each of 2019 and 2018. Our sales efforts within specialty foodservice are for the most part substantially dependent upon the efforts of the USF sales force. Although we have generated revenues from additional customers other than USF, if our relationship with USF were to be materially changed and we are unable to generate substantial new sales to offset such loss, we may be forced to significantly curtail our operations.

## A Variety of Factors, Including Seasonality and the Economic Environment, May Cause Our Quarterly Operating Results to Fluctuate, Leading to Volatility in Our Stock Price.

Our quarterly results have fluctuated in the past and may fluctuate in the future, depending upon a variety of factors, including changes in economic conditions, including both COVID-19 related and non-related conditions, and shifts in the timing of holiday related purchases. While our annual sales have always had a significant seasonal aspect, this has increased with our acquisition of substantially all of the assets of igourmet LLC and Mouth Foods, Inc, as further described below. As a result of the seasonal nature of our business, we would be significantly and adversely affected, in a manner disproportionate to the impact on a company with sales spread more evenly throughout the year, by unforeseen events such as a terrorist attack or economic shock (including shock caused by world-wide pandemic or otherwise) that harm the retail environment or consumer buying patterns during our key selling season, or by events such as pandemic, strikes or weather related delays that interfere with the shipment of goods, during the critical period of the holiday season.

#### The Recent Acquisition of Substantially All of the Assets of igourmet LLC and Mouth Foods, Inc. Could Create Additional Risks to Our Business.

On January 23, 2018, our subsidiary Innovative Gourmet acquired substantially all of the assets of igourmet, LLC. On July 6, 2018 M Innovations LLC acquired substantially all of assets of Mouth Foods, Inc. These businesses are very seasonal in nature, which generates certain operational considerations and could exacerbate the seasonality of our business. To wit, if Innovative Gourmet or Mouth does not have a strong holiday season, it likely will not be successful. In addition, while our subsidiary acquired only certain discrete liabilities of igourmet LLC, creditors of igourmet or Mouth may seek to impose liability on us or our subsidiaries, the payment of which, if required, could impair our cash flow and even if there may be no actual liability or responsibility to pay such claims, our challenge to such claims could involve significant legal fees and be a distraction to our management. The business model of the assets acquired from igourmet LLC and Mouth differ from our current businesses and operations, and therefore the success of its operations and its business model may create unforeseen complications requiring the use of our limited resources to resolve.

## Computer System Disruption and Cyber Security Attacks or a Data Breach Could Damage Our Relationships With Our Customers, Harm Our Reputation, Expose Us To Litigation And Adversely Affect Our Business.

Our systems are subject to damage or interruption from computer viruses, malicious attacks and other security breaches. The possibility of a cyberattack on any one or all of these systems is a serious threat.

As part of our business model, we collect, retain, and transmit confidential information over public networks. In addition to our own databases, we use third party service providers to store, process and transmit this information on our behalf. Although we contractually require these service providers to implement and use reasonable security measures, we cannot control third parties and cannot guarantee that a security breach will not occur in the future either at their location or within their systems. We have confidential security measures in place to protect both our physical facilities and digital systems from attacks. Despite these efforts, we may be vulnerable to targeted or random security breaches, acts of vandalism, computer viruses, misplaced or lost data, programming and/or human errors, or other similar events.

Given the growing nature of our e-commerce presence and digital strategy, it is imperative that we and our partners maintain uninterrupted and secure operation of our: (i) computer hardware, (ii) software systems, (iii) customer marketing databases and other customer information, and (iv) ability to email our current and potential customers.

If our systems are damaged or fail to function properly or reliably, we may incur substantial repair or replacement costs, experience data loss or theft and impediments to our ability to conduct our operations. Any material disruptions in our e-commerce presence or information technology systems could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

A Failure to Establish and Maintain Strategic Online and Social Media Relationships, and Other Relationships Targeted Towards Driving Web Traffic to our Websites, that Generate a Significant Amount of Traffic Could Limit the Growth of the Assets Acquired from igourmet LLC and Mouth Foods Inc.

We rely on third party websites, search engines and affiliates with which we have strategic relationships for traffic. If these third-parties do not attract a significant number of visitors, we may not receive a significant number of online customers from these relationships and our revenues from these relationships may remain flat or decrease. There continues to be strong competition to establish or maintain relationships with leading Internet companies, and we may not successfully enter into additional relationships, or renew existing ones beyond their current terms. We may also be required to pay significant fees to maintain and expand existing relationships or possibly not achieve the desired results with existing relationships. Our online revenues may suffer if we do not enter into new relationships or maintain existing relationships or if these relationships do not result in traffic sufficient to justify their costs.

## If a Significant Number of Customers are not Satisfied with their Purchase, We will be Required to Incur Substantial Costs to Issue Refunds, Credits or Replacement Products.

If customers are not satisfied with the products they receive, we may either replace the product for the customer or issue the customer a refund or credit. Ours net income would decrease if a significant number of customers request replacement products, refunds or credits and we are unable to pass such costs onto the supplier.

#### If We Fail to Continuously Improve Our Website, it May Not Attract or Retain Customers.

If potential or existing customers do not find our websites including www.igourmet.com, www.mouth.com or any of the company's other websites, a convenient place to shop, we may not attract or retain customers and our sales may suffer. To encourage the use of our website, we must continuously improve its accessibility, mobile capabilities, content and ease of use. In addition, customer traffic and our business would be adversely affected if competitors' websites are perceived as easier to use or better able to satisfy customer needs. Furthermore, e-commerce conversion rates could be adversely affected by a variety of website related factors.

#### Our Marketing Efforts to Help Grow Our Business May Not be Effective.

Maintaining and promoting awareness of our websites, including www.igourmet.com is important to our ability to attract and retain visitors. Generating a meaningful return on our investments in marketing initiatives may be difficult. The marketing efforts we implement may not succeed for a variety of reasons, including our inability to execute and implement our plans. External factors beyond our control may also impact the success of our marketing initiatives. Search engines frequently change the algorithms that determine the ranking and display of results of a user's search and may make other changes to the way results are displayed, which can negatively affect the placement of links to our websites and, therefore, reduce the number of visits to our websites.

The growing use of online ad-blocking software, including on mobile devices, may also impact the success of our marketing efforts because we may reach a smaller audience and fail to bring more visitors to our websites. In addition, ongoing privacy regulatory changes may impact the scope and effectiveness of marketing and advertising services generally, including those used related to our websites. We also seek to obtain website visitors through email. If we are unable to successfully deliver emails to potential customers or customers do not open our emails, whether by choice or because those emails are marked as low priority or spam, or for other reasons, our business could be adversely affected. Social networking websites, such as Facebook and others are another source of visits to our websites. As ecommerce and social networking evolve, we must continue to evolve our marketing tactics accordingly and, if we are unable to do so, our business could be adversely affected.

#### If We Do Not Accurately Predict Customer Demand for Our Products, We May Lose Customers or Experience Increased Costs.

As we expand the volume of products offered to our customers, we may be required or may elect for business purposes, to increase inventory levels and the number of products maintained in our warehouses. If we overestimate customer demand for our products, excess inventory and outdated merchandise could accumulate, tying up working capital and potentially resulting in reduced warehouse capacity and inventory losses due to damage, theft and obsolescence. If we underestimate customer demand, it may disappoint customers who may turn to our competitors.

#### The Laws with Respect to Taxes Have Changed and May Change Again Which Could Impact Our Operating Results.

The U.S. Congress has enacted legislation that significantly reforms the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The new legislation, among other things, includes changes to U.S. federal tax rates, imposes significant additional limitations on the deductibility of interest and net operating losses, and allows for the expensing of certain capital expenditures. Our net deferred tax assets and liabilities will be revalued at the newly enacted U.S. corporate rate, and the impact will be recognized in our tax expense in the year of enactment. We have adjusted our deferred tax assets and liabilities at December 31, 2018, using the new corporate rate of 21 percent; however, we base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable in the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. it is possible that the application of these new rules may have a material and adverse impact on our operating results, cash flows and financial condition. Furthermore, the recent Supreme Court Ruling in South Dakota V. Wayfair, Inc, in which the Court upheld South Dakota's economic nexus law, which requires companies to collect sales tax when their sales or the number of transactions with the state exceed certain thresholds. could have an adverse on our business. In addition, any other changes to applicable tax laws, whether on a federal or state level, could also decrease our ability to compete with traditional retailers, and otherwise harm our business.

#### If We Fail to Attract and Retain Key Personnel, Our Business and Operating Results May be Harmed.

Our future success depends to a significant degree on the skills, experience and efforts of key personnel in our senior management, whose vision for our company, knowledge of our business and expertise would be difficult to replace. If any one of our key employees leaves, is unable to work, or fails to perform and we are unable to find a qualified replacement, we may be unable to execute our business strategy.

#### We May Be Unable to Manage Our Growth Which Could Result in Our Being Unable to Maintain Our Operations.

Our strategy for growth is focused on continued enhancements and expansion to our existing business model, offering a broader range of services and products, affiliating with additional vendors and through possible joint ventures. Pursuing this strategy presents a variety of challenges. We may not experience an increase in our services to our existing customers, and we may not be able to achieve the economies of scale, or provide the business, administrative and financial services, required to sustain profitability from servicing our existing and future customer base. Should we be successful in our expansion efforts, the expansion of our business would place further demands on our management, operational capacity and financial resources. To a significant extent, our future success will be dependent upon our ability to maintain adequate financial controls and reporting systems to manage a larger operation and to obtain additional capital upon favorable terms. We can give no assurance that we will be able to successfully implement our planned expansion (whether due to the impact of COVID-19 or other unrelated reasons), finance its growth, or manage the resulting larger operations, if any. In addition, we can give no assurance that our current systems, procedures or controls will be adequate to support any expansion of our operations. Our failure to manage our growth effectively could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

## The Specialty Food and Foodservice Industry is Very Competitive, Which May Result in Decreased Revenue for Us as Well as Increased Expenses Associated with Marketing Our Services and Products.

The specialty food and foodservice businesses are highly competitive. We compete against other providers of quality foods, some of which sell their services globally, and some of these providers have considerably greater resources than we have. These competitors may have greater marketing and sales capacity, established distribution networks, significant goodwill and global name recognition. Our e-commerce and product catalog websites and paper mailings compete with other e-commerce websites and other catalogs, and other specialty foodservice providers that market lines of products similar to ours. We compete with national, regional and local businesses utilizing a similar strategy, as well as traditional specialty food and foodservice distributors. The substantial sales growth in the direct-to-customer industry within the last decade has encouraged the entry of many new competitors, new business models, and an increase in competition from established companies. Furthermore, it may become necessary for us to reduce our prices in response to competition. This could negatively impact our ability to be profitable.

## We Rely Upon Outside Vendors and Shippers for Our Specialty Food Products and Interruption in the Supply of Our Products or their Failure to Adhere to Our Quality Standards May Negatively Impact Our Revenues.

Shortages in supplies of the food products we sell may impair our ability to provide our services. Our vendors are independent and we cannot guarantee their future ability to source the products that we sell. Many of our products are wild-caught, and we cannot guarantee their availability in the future. Unforeseen strikes and labor disputes as well as adverse weather conditions may result in our inability to deliver our products in a timely manner. Also, if our suppliers fail to supply quality product in a timely and effective manner it could lead to an increase in recalls and customer litigation against us which could harm our brands' images and negatively affect our business and operating results. The success of our business depends, in part, on our ability to timely and effectively deliver merchandise (e.g. fresh products) to our customers. We cannot control all of the various factors that might affect our fulfillment rates in direct-to-customer sales. We are heavily dependent upon one national carrier for the delivery of our fresh products to our customers. Accordingly, we are subject to risks, including labor disputes, union organizing activity, inclement weather, technology breakdowns, natural disasters, the closure of their offices or a reduction in operational hours due to an economic slowdown, possible acts of terrorism, their ability to provide delivery services to meet our shipping needs, disruptions or increased fuel costs, and costs associated with any regulations to address climate change. Since our customers rely on us to deliver their orders daily or within 24-72 hours, delivery delays could significantly harm our business.

## In Order to be Successful, We Must be able to Enhance Our Existing Products and Develop and Introduce New Products and Services to Respond to Changing Market Demand.

The markets in which we operate are characterized by frequently changing customer demand and the introduction of new "flavors of the month" as certain foods become more and less popular. Changes in customer preferences and buying trends may also affect our products differently. We must be able to stay current with preferences and trends in specialty food and address the customer tastes for each of our target customer demographics. We must also be able to identify and adjust products to cater to customer demands and dietary needs. For example, a change in customer preferences for gluten free items may not correlate to a similar change in buying trends for other specialty food. In order to be successful, we must be able to enhance our existing products and anticipate and develop and introduce new products and services to respond to changing market demand for new tastes. The development and enhancement of services and products entails significant risks, including:

- o the inability to effectively adapt new food types to our business;
- o the failure to conform our services and products to evolving industry standards;
- o the inability to develop, introduce and market enhancements to our existing services and products or new services and products on a timely basis; and
  - o the non-acceptance by the market of such new service and products.

If we misjudge either the market for our products or our customers' purchasing habits, our sales may decline significantly which would negatively impact our business and operating results.

## Any Acquisitions We Make or Have Made Could Result in Difficulties in Successfully Managing Our Business and Consequently Harm Our Financial Condition.

We seek to expand by acquiring complementary businesses or assets in our current or ancillary markets. We cannot accurately predict the timing, size and success of our acquisition efforts and the associated capital commitments that might be required. We expect to face competition for acquisition candidates, which may limit the number of acquisition opportunities available to us and may lead to higher acquisition prices. There can be no assurance that we will be able to identify, acquire or profitably manage additional businesses or successfully integrate acquired businesses, if any, without substantial costs, delays or other operational or financial difficulties. In addition, acquisitions involve a number of other risks, including:

- failure of the acquired businesses or assets acquired to achieve expected results;
- failure to integrate acquired business or assets into current operations
- diversion of management's attention and resources to acquisitions;
- failure to retain key customers or personnel of the acquired businesses or assets;
- disappointing quality or functionality of acquired equipment and people; and
- risks associated with unanticipated events, liabilities or contingencies.

Client dissatisfaction or performance problems at a single acquired business could negatively affect our reputation. The inability to acquire businesses on reasonable terms or successfully integrate and manage acquired companies, or the occurrence of performance problems at acquired companies, both prior and after acquisition, could result, or has resulted, in dilution, potential violations of bank covenants, unfavorable accounting treatment or one-time charges, and difficulties in successfully managing our business, requiring us to expend additional effort and expense in obtaining waivers, settling matters and otherwise addressing any such issues.

#### Our Future Results Depend on Continued Evolution of the Internet and its Use by Consumers and Businesses for Buying Our Products.

Our future results can depend on the use of the Internet for information, publication, distribution and commerce. Our growth may also be dependent on increasing availability to business consumers of broadband Internet access which will allow such persons to access higher-capacity content through the Internet. Our business could suffer if Internet usage and broadband availability does not continue to grow and evolve. In addition, the concept of ordering food, including ingredients, while it has recently grown, is a relatively new concept and represents a change from the way it had been previously done.

#### If We are Unable to Effectively Manage Our IT Dependent Business Our Reputation and Operating Results May be Harmed.

The success of our business depends, in part, on third parties and factors over which we have limited control. We are also vulnerable to certain additional risks and uncertainties associated with our e-commerce and product catalog websites, our internal IT systems and IT integration with our partners, including: changes in required technology interfaces; system issues and limitations, website downtime and other technical failures; internet connectivity issues; costs and technical issues as we upgrade our website software; computer viruses; changes in applicable federal and state regulations; security breaches; and consumer privacy concerns. In addition, we must keep up to date with competitive technology trends, including the use of new or improved technology, creative user interfaces and other e-commerce marketing tools such as paid search and mobile applications, among others, which may increase our costs and which may not succeed in increasing sales or attracting customers. Our failure to successfully respond to these risks and uncertainties might adversely affect our sales, as well as damage our reputation and brands.

## We May be Exposed to Risks and Costs Associated with Credit Card Fraud and Identity Theft that could Cause Us to Incur Unexpected Expenses and Loss of Revenue.

A portion of our customer orders are placed through our e-commerce websites and a significant portion of our orders are submitted via networked applications. In addition, a significant portion of sales made through our retail channel require the collection of certain customer data, such as credit card information. In order for our sales channels to function and develop successfully, we and other parties involved in processing customer transactions must be able to transmit confidential information, including credit card information, securely over public networks. Third parties may have the technology or knowledge to breach the security of customer transaction data. Although we take the security of our systems and the privacy of our customers' confidential information extremely seriously, we cannot guarantee that our security measures will effectively prevent others from obtaining unauthorized access to our information and our customers' information. Any person who circumvents our security measures could destroy or steal valuable information or disrupt our operations. Any security breach could cause consumers to lose confidence in the security of our websites and choose not to purchase from us. Any security breach could also expose us to risks of data loss, litigation and liability and could seriously disrupt our operations and harm our reputation, any of which could harm our business.

In addition, states and the federal government are increasingly enacting laws and regulations to protect consumers against identity theft. Compliance with these laws will likely increase the costs of doing business and, if we fail to implement appropriate safeguards or to detect and provide prompt notice of unauthorized access as required by some of these new laws, we could be subject to potential claims for damages and other remedies, which could harm our business.

## Earthquakes, Inclement Weather or Other Events Out of Our Control May Damage or Limit Production from Our Facilities and Our Ability to Timely Deliver Products Thereby Adversely Affecting Our Results of Operations.

We have significant operations in Florida, Illinois, and in other areas where weather or other events such as an earthquake, tsunami, hurricane, flood, fire, high winds, extreme heat or cold, or other natural or manmade events, could disrupt our operations and impair production or distribution of our products, damage inventory, interrupt critical functions, or otherwise affect our business negatively, adversely affecting our results of operations.

## Declines in General Economic Conditions and the Resulting Impact on Consumer Confidence and Consumer Spending Could Adversely Impact Our Results of Operations.

Our financial performance is subject to declines in general economic conditions and the impact of such economic conditions on levels of consumer confidence and consumer spending. Consumer confidence and consumer spending may deteriorate significantly, and could remain depressed for an extended period of time, whether due to COVID-19 or other unrelated reasons. Consumer purchases of discretionary items, including specifically our merchandise, generally decline during periods when disposable income is limited, unemployment rates increase, and consumer perceptions of personal well-being and security declines or there is economic uncertainty. An uncertain economic environment, could adversely impact our business and operating results.

#### We Are and May Be Subject to Regulatory Compliance and Legal Uncertainties.

Changes in government regulation and supervision or proposed Department of Agriculture or other regulatory agency reforms or rule changes could impair our sources of revenue and limit our ability to expand our business. In the event any future laws or regulations are enacted which apply to us, we may have to expend funds and/or alter our operations to insure compliance. New legislation or regulation, or the application of existing laws and regulations to the areas related to our business could add additional costs and risks to doing business. In addition, we are subject to regulations applicable to businesses generally and laws and regulations directly applicable to communications over the Internet and access to e-commerce. In addition, it is possible that a number of laws and regulations may be adopted with respect to the Internet and other areas of our business, covering issues such as user privacy, pricing, content, copyrights, distribution, antitrust, taxation and characteristics and quality of products and services.

## Because we do Not Intend to Pay Any Cash Dividends on Our Shares of Common Stock, Our Stockholders Will Not be Able to Receive a Return on Their Shares Unless They Sell Them.

We intend to retain any future earnings to finance the development and expansion of our business. We do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. Unless we pay dividends, our stockholders will not be able to receive a return on their shares unless they sell them at a price higher than that which they initially paid for such shares.

## We may be Subject to Legal Proceedings that Could be Time Consuming, Result in Costly Litigation, Require Significant Amounts of Management Time and Result in the Diversion of Significant Operational Resources.

We are involved in lawsuits, claims and proceedings incident to the ordinary course of our business. Litigation is inherently unpredictable. Any claims against us, whether meritorious or not, could be time consuming, result in costly arbitration or litigation, require significant amounts of management time and result in the diversion of significant operational resources. Even if we believe that we have meritorious defenses against these actions, and we resolve to vigorously defend against them, the cost of defending against all these types of claims against us or the ultimate resolution of such claims, whether by settlement or adverse court decision, may harm our business and operating results and may be in excess of any amounts previously reserved for legal expenses. In addition, the increasingly regulated business environment and the nature of our products may result in a greater number of enforcement actions and private litigation. This could subject us to increased exposure to stockholder lawsuits. Also, we (and our affiliates) may be subject to attempts to bring legal claims by creditors and other third parties related to the liabilities or potential liabilities, of our former subsidiary, FD, or of igourmet LLC, or of the liabilities related to any company whose assets we acquired or do business with.

## We are a Smaller Reporting Company, and We Cannot be Certain if the Reduced Reporting Requirements Applicable to Smaller Reporting Companies Will Make our Common Stock Less Attractive to Investors.

We are a smaller reporting company, as defined in the Securities Act of 1933. For as long as we continue to be a smaller reporting company, we may take advantage of exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not smaller reporting companies, including not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, reduced disclosure obligations regarding historical financial statements, executive compensation in our periodic reports, registration statements, and proxy statements and exemptions from the requirements of holding nonbinding advisory votes on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved. We cannot predict if investors will find our common stock less attractive because we may rely on these exemptions. If some investors find our common stock less attractive as a result, there may be a less active trading market for our common stock and our stock price may be more volatile.

We will remain a smaller reporting company until the beginning of a year in which we had a public float of \$250 million held by non-affiliates or revenues below \$100 million and a public float below \$750 million, in each case as of the last business day of the second quarter of the prior year.

Our Common Stock is Subject to the "Penny Stock" Rules of the SEC and the Trading Market in our Securities is Limited, Which Makes Transactions in Our Stock Cumbersome and May Reduce the Value of an Investment in Our Stock.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has adopted Rule 15g-9 which establishes the definition of a "penny stock," for the purposes relevant to us, as any equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or with an exercise price, for warrants or options or conversion price for convertible notes, of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. For any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require:

- that a broker or dealer approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks; and
- the broker or dealer receives from the investor a written agreement to the transaction, setting forth the identity and quantity of the penny stock to be purchased.

In order to approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks, the broker or dealer must:

- obtain financial information and investment experience objectives of the person; and
- make a reasonable determination that the transactions in penny stocks are suitable for that person and the person has sufficient knowledge and experience in financial matters to be capable of evaluating the risks of transactions in penny stocks.

The broker or dealer must also deliver, prior to any transaction in a penny stock, a disclosure schedule prescribed by the Commission relating to the penny stock market, which, in highlight form:

- Sets forth the basis on which the broker or dealer made the suitability determination, and
- that the broker or dealer received a signed, written agreement from the investor prior to the transaction.

Disclosure also has to be made about the risks of investing in penny stocks in both public offerings and in secondary trading and about the commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities and the rights and remedies available to an investor in cases of fraud in penny stock transactions. Finally, monthly statements have to be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks.

Generally, brokers may be less willing to execute transactions in securities subject to the "penny stock" rules. This may make it more difficult for investors to dispose of our common stock and cause a decline in the market value of our stock.

#### **ITEM 2. Properties**

On March 8, 2013, we purchased a building and property located at 28411 Race Track Road, Bonita Springs, Florida 34135. The property consists of approximately 1.1 acres of land and close to 10,000 square feet of combined office and warehouse space. The purchase price of the property was \$770,000 and was financed in part by a five year mortgage in the amount of \$546,000. In March 2018, the remaining balance under this mortgage was extended to February 28, 2023. The company relocated all of its Florida-based office and warehouse facilities into this facility on July 15, 2013.

On May 14, 2015, we purchased a building and property located at 2528 S. 27th Avenue, Broadview, Illinois 60155. The property consists of approximately 1.33 acres of land and approximately 28,711 square feet of combined office and warehouse space. The purchase price of \$914,350 was initially financed primarily by a draw-down of \$900,000 on the Company's credit facility with Fifth Third Bank. On May 29, 2015, a permanent financing facility was provided by Fifth Third Bank in the form of a loan in the amount of \$980,000. \$900,000 of this amount was used to pay the balance of the credit facility; the additional \$80,000 was used for refrigeration and other improvements at the property. The interest on the loan is at the LIBOR rate plus 3.0%. The building is used for office and warehouse space primarily for the Company's Artisan subsidiary. We have also recently completed an additional property improvement and upgrade buildout at the Artisan building which include a fully functional commercial test kitchen and training center and conference room. The test kitchen and training room will be used by Artisan and other subsidiaries of the Company for the purposes of new product testing and development and approval, Quality Assurance and Quality Control as well as sales presentations and customer demonstrations. In addition, we recently added a packaging room to the Artisan building, which is built to FDA, FSMA and SQF food safety standards and purchased new, technologically advanced semi-automated fillers for the packaging room. The packaging room addition will allow for expansion of proprietary private label product lines as well as packing of organic, non GMO, diet specific and other specialty foods. The test kitchen, packaging room and additional improvements were financed by a loan from Fifth Third Bank.

On November 8, 2019 the Company, through a newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary, purchased a logistics and warehouse facility (the "Facility") for \$4.5 million. The Facility is approximately 200,000 square feet and is situated on approximately 15 acres in Mountain Top, Pennsylvania. The Facility's appraised value by a third party appraisal firm in October 2019 was \$6,150,000 "as is" and \$8,000,000 with additional scheduled improvements. Related to the Facility purchase, the Company entered into a commercial loan agreement for both the purchase price and planned improvements to the Facility. The amount of the loan was \$5,500,000, of which the Company drew down \$3,600,000 for the acquisition of the Facility; the lender was Fifth Third Bank and the loan is secured by a mortgage on the property and other Company assets. The interest on the loan is LIBOR plus 2.75%, with interest only payments due through September 30, 2020, thereafter with principal amortized over 20 years and maturity on September 2, 2025. Related to Facility purchase, the Company also acquired certain leases from certain tenants of the Facility, all of which were in good standing at the time of purchase.

#### **ITEM 3. Legal Proceedings**

From time to time, the Company has become and may become involved in certain lawsuits and legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business, or as the result of current or previous investments, or current or previous subsidiaries, or current or previous employees, or current or previous directors, or as a result of acquisitions and dispositions or other corporate activities. The Company intends to vigorously defend its positions. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our financial position or our business and the outcome of these matters cannot be ultimately predicted.

On September 16, 2019, an action (the "PA Action") was filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia County, Trial Division, against, among others, the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Innovative Gourmet LLC and Food Innovations, Inc. The complaint in the PA Action alleges, inter alia, wrongful death and negligence by a driver employed by Innovative Gourmet and indicates a demand and offer to settle for fifty million dollars. We expect that should a settlement occur the amount would be substantially lower. The Company and its subsidiaries had auto and umbrella insurance policies, among others, that were in effect for the relevant period. While the initial response from the relevant insurance companies has been to provide coverage only under an auto policy, which has been fully offered, we intend to further aggressively pursue the Company's and its subsidiaries' insurance coverage under their umbrella and other available policies. In addition, the Company has been defending this action and believes that the likely outcome would result in any liabilities being covered by its insurance carriers. However, if the Company was found responsible for damages in excess of its available insurance coverage, such damages in excess of the coverage could have a material adverse effect on the Company's operations.

#### **ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosure**

Not Applicable.

#### PART II

#### ITEM 5. Market For Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

#### **Market Information**

Prices for our common stock are quoted on the OTCQB. Since March 2004, our common stock has traded under the symbol "IVFH". Prior thereto, our common stock traded under the symbol "FBSN". 34,416,984 shares of our common stock were outstanding as of May 11, 2020.

#### **Security Holders**

On May 11, 2020, there were approximately 56 record holders of our common stock. In addition, we believe there are at least several hundred additional beneficial owners of our common stock whose shares are held in "street name."

#### **Dividends**

We have not paid dividends during the three most recently completed fiscal years, and have no current plans to pay dividends on our common stock. We currently intend to retain all earnings, if any, for use in our business.

### **Recent Sales and Other Issuances of Our Equity Securities**

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, the Company had the following equity related, nonregistered transactions:

On March 14, 2019, the Company issued a total of 131,136 shares of common stock to an aggregate of seven employees for bonuses related to the year ended December 31, 2017. These shares had a value of \$0.714 per share based upon the market price of the Company's stock on the date of the grant. The aggregate value in the amount of \$93,666 was charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2017 and was carried on the Company's books as an accrued liability until the time of issuance. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company transferred the amount of \$93,666 from accrued liability to equity in connection with the issuance of these shares.

On July 23, 2019, the Company entered into a subscription agreement to sell 349,650 restricted shares of common stock to Pet Box LLC, a company controlled by David Polinsky, a director of the Company. The purchase price was \$0.715 per share for a total of \$250,000. The sale was made directly between the Company and Mr. Polinsky without any brokers or public advertising.

On July 31, 2019, the Company issued 9,524 shares of common stock with a fair value of \$0.54 to a service provider; the fair value of \$5,143 was charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2019.

On October 2, 2019, the Company issued 4,762 shares of common stock with a fair value of \$0.58 to a service provider; the fair value of \$2,762 was charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2019.

On November 4, 2019, the Company issued 2,381 shares of common stock with a fair value of \$0.55 to a service provider; the fair value of \$1,310 was charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2019.

On December 2, 2019, the Company issued 2,381 shares of common stock with a fair value of \$0.50 to a service provider; the fair value of \$1,191 was charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2019.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, a total of 414,807 shares of the Company's restricted common stock were vested pursuant to employment agreements.

All of the issuances described above were exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 for the following reasons: (1) none of the issuances involved a public offering or public advertising for the payment of any commissions or fees; (2) the issuances to investors were to "accredited investors"; (3) the issuances upon conversion of notes were for notes held at least 12 months and did not involve the payment of any other consideration; and (4) all issuances to affiliates and to non-affiliates holding the securities for less than six months carried restrictive legends.

### **Dilutive Securities**

#### December 31, 2019

The following table summarizes the options outstanding and the related prices for the options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock issued by the Company as of December 31, 2019:

Exercise Price	Number of Options	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)
\$ 0.62	360,000	4.00
\$ 0.75	50,000	2.00
\$ 0.85	540,000	4.00
\$ 0.95	50,000	2.00
\$ 1.10	75,000	1.37
\$ 1.20	950,000	3.93
\$ 1.50	125,000	2.00
\$ 2.00	125,000	2.00
\$ 2.50	125,000	2.00
\$ 3.00	125,000	2.00
\$ 1.23	2,525,000	3.42

### December 31, 2018

The following table summarizes the options outstanding and the related prices for the options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock issued by the Company as of December 31, 2018:

Exercise	Number	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual
Price	of Options	Life (years)
\$ 0.75	50,000	3.00
\$ 0.95	50,000	3.00
\$ 1.10	75,000	2.37
\$ 1.31	100,000	0.01
\$ 1.38	100,000	0.92
\$ 1.50	125,000	3.00
\$ 1.90	175,000	0.48
\$ 2.00	125,000	3.00
\$ 2.50	125,000	3.00
\$ 3.00	125,000	3.00
\$ 2.05	1,050,000	2.05

### **Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans**

As of December 31, 2019, the following shares are issuable pursuant to outstanding stock options, warrants, and rights issued under the 2011 Stock Option Plan:

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	exercis outstandi	ed-average e price of ing options, , and rights	rem for com (exc	nber of securities aining available future issuance under equity upensation plans luding securities ected in column (a))
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	2,525,000	\$	1.23		93,780,000
Equity compensation plans not approved by shareholders	-	\$	N/A	\$	N/A

### ITEM 6. Selected Financial Data

Not Applicable.

#### ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto, as well as all other related notes, and financial and operational references, appearing elsewhere in this document.

Certain information contained in this discussion and elsewhere in this report may include "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and is subject to the safe harbor created by that act. The safe harbor created by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act will not apply to certain "forward looking statements" because we issued "penny stock" (as defined in Section 3(a)(51) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 3(a)(51-1) under the Exchange Act) during the three year period preceding the date(s) on which those forward looking statements were first made, except to the extent otherwise specifically provided by rule, regulation or order of the Securities and Exchange Commission. We caution readers that certain important factors may affect our actual results and could cause such results to differ materially from any forward-looking statements which may be deemed to have been made in this Report or which are otherwise made by or on our behalf. For this purpose, any statements contained in this report that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, words such as "may", "will", "expect", "believe", "explore", "consider", "anticipate", "intend", "could", "estimate", "plan", "propose" or "continue" or the negative variations of those words or comparable terminology are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Factors that may affect our results include, but are not limited to, the risks and uncertainties associated with:

- Our ability to raise capital necessary to sustain our anticipated operations and implement our business plan,
- Our ability to implement our business plan,
- Our ability to generate sufficient cash to pay our lenders and other creditors,
- Our dependence on one major customer,
- Our ability to employ and retain qualified management and employees,
- Our dependence on the efforts and abilities of our current employees and executive officers,
- Changes in government regulations that are applicable to our current or anticipated business,
- Changes in the demand for our services and different food trends,
- The degree and nature of our competition,
- The lack of diversification of our business plan,
- The general volatility of the capital markets and the establishment of a market for our shares, and
- Disruption in the economic and financial conditions primarily from the impact of past terrorist attacks in the United States, threats of future attacks, police and military activities overseas and other disruptive worldwide pandemic, political and economic events and environmental weather conditions.

We are also subject to other risks detailed from time to time in our other filings with Securities and Exchange Commission and elsewhere in this report. Any one or more of these uncertainties, risks and other influences could materially affect our results of operations and whether forward-looking statements made by us ultimately prove to be accurate. Our actual results, performance and achievements could differ materially from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether from new information, future events or otherwise.

#### **Critical Accounting Policy and Estimates**

#### Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. These estimates include certain assumptions related to doubtful accounts receivable, stock-based services, valuation of financial instruments, and income taxes. On an on-going basis, we evaluate these estimates, including those related to revenue recognition and concentration of credit risk. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Accounts subject to estimate and judgements are accounts receivable reserves, income taxes, intangible assets, contingent liabilities, and equity based instruments. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We believe our estimates have not been materially inaccurate in past years, and our assumptions are not likely to change in the foreseeable future.

#### (a) Warrants:

There were no warrants outstanding at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

#### (b) Embedded conversion features of notes payable:

There were no outstanding convertible notes outstanding at December 31, 2019 and 2018:

#### (c) Stock options:

The Company accounts for options in accordance with FASB ASC 718-40. Options are valued upon issuance utilizing the Black-Scholes valuation model. Option expense is recognized over the requisite service period of the related option award. The following table illustrates certain key information regarding our options and option assumptions at December 31, 2019 and 2018:

	December 31,				
	2019		2018		
Number of options outstanding	 2,525,000		1,050,000		
Value at December 31	N/A		N/A		
Number of options issued during the year	1,850,000		675,000		
Value of options issued during the year	\$ 409,430	\$	32,700		
Number of options recognized during the year	1,850,000		75,000		
Number of options exercised or expired during the year	375,000		1,135,000		
Value of options recognized during the year	\$ 157,145	\$	8,096		
Revaluation (gain) during the period	\$ N/A	\$	N/A		
Black-Scholes model variables:					
Volatility	59.38-63.16%	)	43.05-48.14%		
Dividends	0		0		
Risk-free interest rates	1.79-2.49%	)	2.67-2.91%		
Term (years)	3.00-4.93		3.00-3.13		

#### **Doubtful Accounts Receivable**

The Company maintained an allowance in the amount of \$95,284 for doubtful accounts receivable at December 31, 2019, and \$155,176 at December 31, 2018. The Company has an operational relationship of several years with our major customers, and we believe this experience provides us with a solid foundation from which to estimate our expected losses on accounts receivable. Should our sales mix change or if we develop new lines of business or new customers, these estimates and our estimation process will change accordingly. These estimates have been accurate in the past.

#### **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The Company measures its financial assets and liabilities in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The estimated fair values approximate their carrying value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments or the stated interest rates are indicative of market interest rates. These fair values have historically varied due to the market price of the Company's stock at the date of valuation. Generally, these liabilities increased as the price of the Company's stock increased (with resultant gain), and decreased as the Company's stock decreased (yielding a loss). In December 2012, the Company removed these liabilities from its balance sheet by reclassifying them as equity.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Company has a history of losses, and as such has recorded no liability for income taxes. Until such time as the Company begins to provide evidence that a continued profit is a reasonable expectation, management will not determine that there is a basis for accruing an income tax liability. These estimates have been accurate in the past. At December 31, 2019, the Company has a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$682,000.

#### **Background**

We were initially formed in June 1979 as Alpha Solarco Inc., a Colorado corporation. From June 1979 through February 2003, we were either inactive or involved in discontinued business ventures. We changed our name to Fiber Application Systems Technology, Ltd in February 2003. In January 2004, we changed our state of incorporation by merging into Innovative Food Holdings, Inc. (IVFH), a Florida corporation formed for that purpose. As a result of the merger, we changed our name to that of Innovative Food Holdings, Inc. In January 2004, we also acquired Food Innovations, Inc. ("FII" or "Food Innovations"), a Delaware corporation, for 500,000 shares of our common stock.

On November 2, 2012, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement (the "Haley Acquisition") with The Haley Group, LLC whereby we acquired all existing assets of The Haley Group, LLC and its customers. The Haley Acquisition was valued at a total cost of \$119,645. On June 30, 2014, pursuant to a purchase agreement, the Company purchased 100% of the membership interest of Organic Food Brokers, LLC, a Colorado limited liability company ("OFB"), for \$300,000, 100,000 four year options at a price of \$1.46 per share, and up to an additional \$225,000 in earn-outs if certain milestones are met. Pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of January 1, 2017 the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Oasis Sales Corp. ("Oasis"), purchased substantially all of the assets of Oasis Sales and Marketing, L.L.C. for \$300,000 cash; a \$200,000 structured equity instrument which can be paid in cash or shares of the Company stock at the Company's option, anytime under certain conditions, or is automatically payable via the issuance of 200,000 shares if the Company's shares close above \$1.00 for ten consecutive days; a \$100,000 note; and up to an additional \$400,000 in earn-outs over two years if certain milestones are met. The Agreement also contains claw-back provisions if certain revenue conditions are not met.

On August 15, 2014, pursuant to a merger agreement, the Company acquired The Fresh Diet, Inc. ("FD"). Effective February 23, 2016, the Company closed a transaction to sell 90% of our ownership in FD for consideration consisting primarily of a restructuring of our loans, which includes the ability to convert to additional amounts of FD under certain circumstances. There is no continuing cash inflows or outflows from or to the discontinued operations.

Effective January 24, 2018, pursuant to an asset acquisition agreement (the "igourmet Asset Acquisition Agreement"), our wholly-owned subsidiary, Innovative Gourmet, LLC acquired substantially all of the assets and certain liabilities of igourmet LLC and igourmet NY LLC, privately-held New York limited liability companies located in West Pittston, Pennsylvania and engaged in the sale, marketing, and distribution of specialty food and specialty food items through www.igourmet.com, online marketplaces, additional direct-to-consumer platforms, distribution to foodservice, retail stores and other wholesale accounts, pursuant to the terms of an Asset Purchase Agreement. The consideration for and in connection with the acquisition consisted of: (i) \$1,500,000, which satisfied or reduced secured, priority and administrative debt of Sellers; (ii) in connection with and prior to the acquisition, our whollyowned subsidiary, Food Funding, LLC ("Food Funding"), funded advances of \$325,000 to Sellers on a secured basis, pursuant to certain loan documents and as bridge loans, which loans were reduced by the proceeds of the Asset Purchase Agreement; (iii) the purchase for \$200,000 of certain debt owed by Sellers, to be paid out of, if available, Innovative Gourmet's cash flow; (iv) potential contingent liability allocation for a percentage of Sellers' approximately \$2,300,000 of certain debt, not purchased or assumed by Innovative Gourmet, which under certain circumstances, Innovative Gourmet may determine to pay; and (v) additional purchase price consideration of (a) up to a maximum of \$1,500,000, if EBITDA of Innovative Gourmet reaches \$800,00 in 2018, (b) up to a maximum of \$1,750,000, if EBITDA of Innovative Gourmet in 2019 exceeds its EBITDA in 2018 by at least 20% and if its EBITDA reaches \$5,000,000; and (c) up to a maximum of \$2,125,000, if EBITDA of Innovative Gourmet in 2020 exceeds its EBITDA in 2019 by at least 20% and if its EBITDA reaches \$8,000,000. The EBITDA based earnout shall be paid 37.5% in cash, 25% in IVFH shares valued at the time of the closing of this transaction and 37.5%, at Innovative Gourmet's option, in IVFH shares valued at the time of the payment of the earnout or in cash. The 2018 earnout milestone was not met. In connection with the acquisition, our wholly-owned subsidiary, Food Funding, purchased Seller's senior secured note at a price of approximately \$1,187,000, pursuant to the terms of a Loan Sale Agreement with UPS Capital Business Credit. That note was reduced by the proceeds of the Asset Purchase Agreement. See Item (i) above.

Effective July 6, 2018, pursuant to an asset purchase agreement between Mouth Foods, Inc. ("Mouth") and our wholly-owned subsidiary M Innovations LLC ("M Innovations")(the "MFI APA"), the Company acquired certain assets of Mouth from MFI (assignment for the benefit of creditors), LLC, in connection with a Delaware assignment proceeding. The MFI APA was accounted for as an acquisition of an ongoing business where the Company was treated as the acquirer and the acquired assets and assumed liabilities were recorded by the Company at their preliminary estimated fair values. Mouth, a privately held New York company operating out of Brooklyn, was an expert curator and online retailer of high quality specialty foods from small-batch makers in the US.

The consideration for and in connection with the acquisition consisted of (i) closing related cash payments of \$208,355; (ii) additional revenue-based contingent liabilities valued by management at \$100,000 related to certain future sales of purchased assets payable under the following terms: payment of 5% of certain revenues, with no payments on the first \$500,000 of revenues and no payments on revenues after June 30, 2020; (iii) additional revenue based contingent liabilities of up to \$185,000 associated with the purchase of certain debt of the seller; and (iv) additional contingent liability consideration valued by management at approximately \$20,000.

Effective July 23, 2019, P Innovations acquired certain assets of GBC Sub, Inc. (d/b/a The GiftBox) ("GiftBox") (the "GiftBox Asset Purchase Agreement"). GiftBox, a privately held Nevada corporation controlled by David Polinsky, a director of the Company, was in the business of subscription-based ecommerce. The consideration for the assets purchased was a nominal amount of cash. The GiftBox Asset Purchase Agreement also provides the sellers the option to acquire 30% of P Innovations subject to dilution for a period of thirty-six months following the date of the Giftbox Asset Purchase Agreement; the option will only be exercisable if there is a spinoff of P Innovations to Innovative Food Holdings shareholders. The Company is evaluating its preliminary purchase price allocation. As a result, during the preliminary purchase price allocation period, which may be up to one year from the asset purchase date, we may record adjustments to the assets acquired.

### Transactions With a Major Customer

Transactions with a major customer and related economic dependence information is set forth (1) following our discussion of Liquidity and Capital Resources, (2) under the heading Major Customer in Note 18 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, and (3) in Business – Relationship with U.S. Foods, and (4) as the second item under Risk Factors.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This discussion may contain forward looking-statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our future results could differ materially from the forward looking-statements discussed in this report. This discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements, the notes thereto and other financial information included elsewhere in the report.

#### Year Ended December 31, 2019 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### Revenue

Revenue increased by \$4,977,440 or approximately 9.4% to \$57,902,966 for the year ended December 31, 2019 from \$52,925,526 in the prior year.

We continue to assess the potential of new revenue sources from the manufacture and sale of proprietary food products, private label products and additional sales channel opportunities in both the foodservice and consumer space and will implement a strategy which based on our analysis provides the most beneficial opportunity for growth.

Any changes in the food distribution and specialty foods operating landscape that materially hinders our current ability and/or cost to deliver our products to our customers could potentially cause a material impact on our net revenue and gross margin and, therefore, our profitability and cash flows could be adversely affected.

Currently, a small portion of our revenues comes from imported products or international sales. Our current sales from such markets may be hampered and negatively impacted by any economic tariffs that may be imposed in the United States or in foreign countries.

See "Transactions with Major Customers" and the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") mandated FR-60 disclosures following the "Liquidity and Capital Resources" section for a further discussion of the significant customer concentrations, loss of significant customer, critical accounting policies and estimates, and other factors that could affect future results.

#### Cost of goods sold

Our cost of goods sold for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 was \$41,255,076 an increase of \$4,413,546 or approximately 12.0% compared to cost of goods sold of \$36,841,530 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2018. Cost of goods sold is made up of the following expenses for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019: cost of goods of specialty, meat, game, cheese, seafood, poultry and other sales categories in the amount of \$29.047.644; and shipping, delivery, handling, and purchase allowance expenses in the amount of \$12,207,432. Total gross margin was approximately 28.8% of sales in 2019 compared to approximately 30.4% of sales in 2018. The change in gross margin was due to fluctuations in the Company's product mix as well as changes in our revenue categories. The increase in cost of goods sold is primary attributable to an increase in sales.

In 2019, we continued to price our products in order to gain market share and increase the number of our end users and ecommerce customers. We were successful in both increasing sales and increasing market share. We currently expect, if market conditions and our product revenue mix remain constant, that our cost of goods sold may increase and our gross margin decrease.

### Selling, general, and administrative expenses

Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased by \$2,335,466 or approximately 16.5% to \$16,464,128 during the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 compared to \$14,128,662 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2018. The increase in selling, general, and administrative expenses was primarily due to an increase in payroll and related costs of approximately \$1,569,220 (including an increase in non-cash compensation in the amount of \$339,022), an increase in facilities costs of \$163,995, an increase in depreciation and amortization of \$151,876, an increase in professional fees of \$214,572, an increase in advertising and marketing of \$140,577 an increase in technology related costs of \$45,744, and an increase in insurance costs of \$34,004, partially offset by a decrease in banking and credit card costs of \$106,710 and bed debt expense of \$36,037. The increases were due primarily to the acquisition of certain assets of igourmet LLC and Mouth in 2018, as these costs were included in the Company's financial statements for a partial year in 2018 and for the full year in 2019.

#### Other leasing income

On November 8, 2019 the Company purchased a logistics and warehouse facility located in Mountain Top, Pennsylvania. The Company leases portions of this facility to a third party for a cell tower installation. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company generated income in the amount of \$3,125 from this lease compared to \$0 in the prior period.

#### Gain on settlement of contingent liabilities

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company recorded a gain on settlement of contingent liabilities in the amount of \$132,300 in connection with potential additional consideration under the igourmet Asset Purchase Agreement. This represented an increase of \$121,300 or 1,103% compared to a \$11,000 in the prior year.

#### Gain on sale of fixed assets

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company recorded a gain on the sale of warehouse equipment in the amount of \$12,495; there was no comparable transaction in the prior period.

#### Interest expense, net

Interest expense, net of interest income, decreased by \$6,520 or approximately 5.6% to \$108,915 during the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, compared to \$115,435 during the twelve months ended December 31, 2018. The decrease was due primarily to a decrease in interest accrued or paid on the Company's commercial loans and notes payable, which was \$114,257 during the year ended December 31, 2019, a decrease of \$8,508 compared to \$122,765 during the prior year. The Company also recorded interest expense in connection with the amortization of prepaid loan fees in the amount of \$1,819 during the year ended December 31, 2019; there was no such cost incurred during the prior year. Interest income was \$7,161 during the year ended December 31, 2019, a decrease of \$169 compared to interest income of \$7,330 during the prior year.

#### Income tax expense

Income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$0 compared to \$155,000 in the prior period.

#### Net income

For the reasons above, the Company had net income for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 of \$222,767 which is a decrease of approximately \$1,473,132 or 86.9% compared to a net income of \$1,695,899 during the twelve months ended December 31, 2018. The income for the year ended December 31, 2019 includes a total of \$1,650,096 in non-cash charges, including amortization of intangible assets in the amount of \$899,757, depreciation expense of \$334,342, charges for non-cash compensation in the amount of \$414,178, and amortization of prepaid loan fees of \$1,819. The income for the year ended December 31, 2018 includes a total of \$1,149,628 in non-cash charges, including amortization of intangible assets in the amount of \$885,001, depreciation expense of \$197,222, and charges for non-cash compensation in the amount of \$67,405.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources at December 31, 2019

As of December 31, 2019, the Company had current assets of \$9,900,191, consisting of cash and cash equivalents of \$3,966,050, trade accounts receivable of \$3,309,830; inventory of \$2,350,622, and other current assets of \$273,689. Also at December 31, 2019, the Company had current liabilities of \$5,604,599, consisting of trade payables and accrued liabilities of \$4,026,929, accrued interest of \$16,973, deferred revenue of \$499,776, current portion of notes payable of \$727,766, current portion of operating leases of \$133,296, current portion of financing leases of \$29,832, and current portion of contingent liabilities of \$187,000.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company had cash provided by operating activities of \$1,594,647. Cash flow from operations consisted of the Company's consolidated net income of \$222,767 plus depreciation and amortization of \$1,234,098, non-cash compensation in the amount of \$414,178, amortization of right-of-use assets of \$187,254, provision for doubtful accounts of \$36,037, and amortization of prepaid loan fees in the amount of \$1,819. These amounts were partially offset by a gain on settlement of a contingent liability in the amount of \$12,495. The Company's cash position decreased by \$356,711 as a result of changes in the components of current assets and current liabilities.

The Company had cash used in investing activities of \$1,181,309 for the year ended December 31, 2019, which consisted of cash paid for the acquisition of property and equipment in the amount of \$1,049,604, including \$900,000 in connection with the acquisition of the Facility in Mountaintop, Pennsylvania; cash paid for the acquisition of intangible assets in the amount of \$84,000; and cash paid for investments in food related companies in the amount of \$60,200. The Company also received cash from the sale of fixed assets in the amount of \$12,495.

The Company had cash used in financing activities of \$1,207,105 for the year ended December 31, 2019, which consisted of principal payments on loans and notes payable in the amount of \$880,752; cash paid on settlement of contingent liabilities in connection with acquisition of \$350,576; cash paid for the acquisition of treasury stock of \$125,000; loan fees related to building acquisition financing of \$72,916; and principal payments on capital leases of \$27,961, The Company also received cash of \$250,000 from the sale of common stock.

The Company had net working capital of \$4,295,592 as of December 31, 2019. The Company had cash provided by operations during the year ended December 31, 2019 in the amount of \$1,594,647. This compares to cash generated from operating activities of \$2,560,779 during the year ended December 31, 2018. The Company intends to continue to focus on increasing market share and cash flow from operations by focusing its sales activities on specific market segments and new product lines. Currently, we do not have any material long-term obligations other than those described in Notes 12 and 13 to the financial statements included in this report. As we seek to increase our sales of new items and enter new markets, acquire new businesses as well as identify new food oriented products and services, we may use existing cash reserves, long-term financing, or other means to finance such diversification.

If the Company's cash flow from operations is insufficient to fully implement its business plan, the Company may require additional financing in order to execute its operating plan. The Company cannot predict whether this additional financing will be in the form of equity or debt, or be in another form. The Company may not be able to obtain the necessary additional capital on a timely basis, on acceptable terms, or at all.

In any of these events, the Company may be unable to implement its current plans for expansion, repay its debt obligations as they become due or respond to competitive pressures, any of which circumstances would have a material adverse effect on its business, prospects, financial condition and results of operations.

#### **2020 Plans**

As 2020 began we put together a plan which we expected to try to implement in 2020. Those plans are described in the paragraphs below. However, in the interim period since those plans were prepared, as described above in "Business – Growth Strategy", "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Report, in 2020 the world has been in the grip of a pandemic which has wreaked havoc on economies world-wide, including in the U.S., which is our primary market. As a result of the pandemic, restaurants, hotels, country clubs, casinos, catering houses and other of our primary customers have either been closed completely or are only partially open with significantly reduced operations. Accordingly, Foodservice revenues, which historically have been a significant overall portion of our revenues have been significantly reduced as most foodservice establishments cross the United States closed or had limited operations. As a result, Foodservice revenue in the second half of March 2020 and for the entire April 2020 experienced unprecedented declines.

Conversely, we have experienced significant growth in our on-line e-commerce revenues as overall e-commerce grew and as demand for food products continued across the United States. Accordingly, we have focused our resources on meeting the growth of e-commerce revenues. While the percentage increase in e-commerce revenues was strong, the additional e-commerce revenues did not exceed the decrease in foodservice revenues in the last two weeks of March 2020 and all of April 2020 and as result, based on currently available information, overall revenues and profits declined for that time frame.

In April 2020 we applied for and received a loan of approximately \$1.6 million under a program established under a recent congressionally approved program which is administered by the U.S. Small Business Administration. As an essential business we plan to continue operations and service our customers. In addition, between the government loan, the potential forgiveness of the government loan, cash on hand and our current expectations of incoming revenues, we believe we have sufficient resources to continue operating for at least the next 12 months. However, as we cannot predict at this time when quarantines, curfews, stay in place orders, and closures of non-essential businesses will end and general economic activity will resume, we cannot predict when our business will return to normal and the amount of economic stress we would experience. While we intend to continue to focus on executing on our strategic growth plans, given the current economic conditions, we are not able to determine the exact timeframe in 2020, if at all, that we can then again consider fully implementing portions of the plans described below.

During 2020, we plan to attempt to expand our business by expanding our focus to additional specialty foods markets In addition, we will continue exploring potential acquisition and partnership opportunities and continuing to extend our focus in the specialty food market through the growth of the Company's existing sales channels and through a variety of additional potential sales channel relationships. In addition, we are currently exploring the introduction of, or have introduced into the market, a variety of new product categories and new product lines, including private label products and proprietary branded products to leverage our existing foodservice and consumer customer base.

Furthermore, the Company intends to continue to expand its activities in the direct to consumer space and the overall consumer packaged goods (CPG) space through leveraging the assets acquired from igourmet LLC and Mouth Foods, Inc. and through leveraging its overall capabilities in the consumer space, including leveraging its direct to consumer e-commerce capabilities to reach both additional customers in multiple channels, and to expand availability of its e-commerce capabilities to additional products and markets

No assurances can be given that any of these plans will come to fruition or that if implemented that they will necessarily yield positive results.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues, or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

#### **Inflation**

In the opinion of management, inflation has not had a material effect on the Company's financial condition or results of its operations.

#### **Transactions with Major Customers**

The Company's largest customer, U.S. Foods, Inc. and its affiliates, accounted for approximately 57% of total sales in each of the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018; and approximately 50% of total sales in the fourth quarter of 2019 compared to 46% of total sales in the fourth quarter of 2018. A contract between our subsidiary, Food Innovations, and USF entered an optional renewal period in December 2012 but was automatically extended for an additional 12 months in each of January 1, 2013 and 2014. On January 26, 2015 we executed a contract directly between Food Innovations, Inc., our wholly-owned subsidiary, and U.S. Foods, Inc. The term of the Agreement was from January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2016 and provided for a limited number of automatic annual renewals thereafter if no party gives the other 30 days' notice of its intent not to renew. Based on the terms, the Agreement was extended through 2018. Effective January 1, 2018 the Agreement was further amended to remove the cap on renewals, and provide for an unlimited number of additional 12-month terms unless either party notifies the other in writing, 30 days prior to the end date, of its intent not to renew.

#### **ITEM 8. Financial Statements**

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Innovative Food Holdings, Inc.

#### **Opinion on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Innovative Food Holdings, Inc., and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting, we express no such opinion in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ Liggett & Webb, P.A.

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2012. New York, NY May 14, 2020

## Innovative Food Holdings, Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets

	D	ecember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018		
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,966,050	\$	4,759,817	
Accounts receivable, net		3,309,830		3,039,756	
Inventory		2,350,622		2,301,377	
Other current assets		273,689		144,301	
Total current assets		9,900,191		10,245,251	
Property and equipment, net		6,645,389		2,456,610	
Investments		435,225		339,525	
Right to use assets, operating leases, net		193,733		555,525	
Right to use assets, finance leases, net		174,631		_	
Other amortizable intangible assets, net		1,342,741		2,158,498	
Goodwill and other unamortizable intangible assets		2,183,065		2,183,065	
Total assets	\$	20,874,975	\$	17,382,949	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,009,956	\$	3,689,868	
Accrued interest		16,973		16,402	
Deferred revenue		499,776		559,315	
Notes payable - current portion, net		727,766		928,857	
Lease liability - operating leases, current		133,296		-	
Lease liability - finance leases, current		29,832			
Contingent liability - current portion		187,000		472,876	
Total current liabilities		5,604,599		5,667,318	
Lease liability - operating leases, non-current		60,437		<u>-</u>	
Lease liability - finance leases, non-current		154,905			
Contingent liability - long-term		156,600		357,600	
Note payable - long term portion, net		3,881,037		1,196,245	
Total liabilities		9,857,578		7,221,163	
Commitments & Contingencies (see note 17)					
Communicities & Contingencies (see note 17)				-	
Stockholders' equity					
Common stock: \$0.0001 par value; 500,000,000 shares authorized; 37,210,859 and 36,296,218 shares					
issued, and 34,373,279 and 33,708,638 shares outstanding at December 31, 2019 and December 31,		2 = 40		2.62	
2018, respectively		3,718		3,627	
Additional paid-in capital		36,889,818		36,132,065	
Treasury stock: 2,623,171 and 2,373,171 shares outstanding at December 31, 2019 and December 31,		(1.1.11.050)		(1.046.050)	
2018, respectively		(1,141,370)		(1,016,370)	
Accumulated deficit		(24,734,769)		(24,957,536)	
Total stockholders' equity		11,017,397		10,161,786	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	20,874,975	\$	17,382,949	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

## Innovative Food Holdings, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations

	Mo	For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2019		or the Twelve onths Ended ecember 31, 2018
Revenue	\$	57,902,966	\$	52,925,526
Cost of goods sold		41,255,076		36,841,530
Gross margin		16,647,890		16,083,996
		10.404.400		1 1 100 660
Selling, general and administrative expenses		16,464,128		14,128,662
Total operating expenses		16,464,128		14,128,662
Operating income		183,762		1,955,334
Other (income) expense:				
Other leasing income		(3,125)		-
Gain on settlement of contingent liability		(132,300)		(11,000)
Gain on sale of fixed assets		(12,495)		-
Interest expense, net		108,915		115,435
Total other (income) expense		(39,005)		104,435
Net income before taxes		222,767		1,850,899
Income tax expense		<u>-</u>		155,000
Net income	\$	222,767	\$	1,695,899
Net income per share - basic	\$	0.01	\$	0.05
Net income per share - diluted	\$	0.01	\$	0.05
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic		34,116,335		33,983,620
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted		34,116,335		33,983,620
weighten average shares outstanding - dinnen		3 1,110,000		35,505,020

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

### Innovative Food Holdings, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Mo	r the Twelve onths Ended ecember 31, 2019	For the Twelv Months Ended December 31, 2018		
Cash flows from operating activities:  Net income	\$	222,767	\$	1,695,899	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	Ф	222,707	Ф	1,093,699	
Depreciation and amortization		1,234,098		1,082,224	
Amortization of right-of-use asset		187,254		-,,	
Amortization of prepaid loan fees		1,819		-	
Stock based compensation		414,178		67,405	
Gain on settlement of contingent liability		(132,300)		(11,000)	
Gain on sale of fixed assets		(12,495)		-	
Provision for doubtful accounts		36,037		5,099	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable, net		(366,611)		(821,735)	
Inventory and other current assets, net		(153,633)		(1,246,310)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		414,326		1,530,476	
Deferred revenue		(59,539)		328,145	
Contingent liabilities		(4,000)		(69,424)	
Operating lease liability		(187,254)			
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,594,647		2,560,779	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Cash related to the igourmet asset acquisition		-		(2,494,965)	
Cash related to the Mouth Foods asset acquisition		-		(208,355)	
Cash from the sale of fixed assets		12,495		-	
Acquisition of property and equipment		(1,049,604)		(480,582)	
Acquisition of intangible assets		(84,000)		-	
Investment in food related companies	<u></u>	(60,200)		(138,000)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,181,309)		(3,321,902)	
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Sales of common stock		250,000		-	
Cash paid for acquisition of treasury stock		(125,000)		-	
Loan fees related to building acquisition financing		(72,916)		-	
Purchase of stock options from officers, directors, and employees		-		(167,000)	
Cash received from exercise of stock options		-		35,000	
Cash paid in settlement of contingent liabilities to do acquisitions		(350,576)		(189,000)	
Borrowings on term loan		-		1,500,000	
Proceeds from line of credit		-		391,558	
Purchase of treasury stock		-		(24,057)	
Principal payments on debt		(880,752)		(1,147,533)	
Principal payments capital leases		(27,861)		(11,463)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(1,207,105)		387,505	
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(793,767)		(373,618)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		4,759,817		5,133,435	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	3,966,050	\$	4,759,817	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:					
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information.					
Cash paid during the period for:					
Interest	<u>\$</u>	112,291	\$	122,232	
Taxes	\$		\$	155,000	
Non-cash investing and financing activities:					
	\$	93,666	\$		
Issuance of 131,136 shares of common stock previously accrued					
Right to use assets and liabilities - operating, upon adoption of ASU 2016-02 414,807 shares of common stock not issued	<u>\$</u>	338,581	\$		
Fair value of 19,048 shares of common stock issued for services	\$	10,405			
Increase in right of use assets & liabilities	\$	193,734	\$	-	
Investment in food related company	\$	60,500			
	\$	81,223	\$	179,975	
Capital lease for purchase of fixed assets	Ų.	01,223	Ψ	1/3,3/3	

Return of equipment and reduction in amount due under equipment financing loan	\$ 33,075	\$ 
Note payable for acquisition of land and building	\$ 3,600,000	\$ -

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

## Innovative Food Holdings, Inc. Stockholders' Equity for the Two Years Ended December 31, 2019

	Common Stock			Additional Paid-in	Treasu	ry stock	Accumulated	
	Amount	Valı	ıe	Capital	Amount	Value	Deficit	Total
Balance - December 31, 2017	36,080,519	\$ 3	3,605	\$36,196,682	2,276,703	\$ (992,313)	\$ (26,653,435)	\$ 8,554,539
Common stock issued for the exercise of								
options	100,000		10	34,990	-	-	-	35,000
Purchase of stock options from employees,								
officers, and directors	115,699		12	(167,012)	-	-	-	(167,000)
Fair value of vested stock and stock options								
issued to management	-		-	67,405	-	-	-	67,405
Treasury stock acquired	-		-	-	96,468	(24,057)	-	(24,057)
Net income for the year ended December 31,								
2018							1,695,899	1,695,899
Balance - December 31, 2018	36,296,218	\$ 3	3,627	\$36,132,065	2,373,171	\$(1,016,370)	\$ (24,957,536)	\$10,161,786
Common stock issued for services	19,048		2	10,403	-	-	-	10,405
Common stock sold for cash	349,650		35	249,965	-	-	-	250,000
Issuance of shares to employees, previously								
accrued	131,136		13	93,653	-	-	-	93,666
Fair value of vested stock and stock options								
issued to management	414,807		41	403,732	-	-	-	403,773
Treasury stock acquired	-		-	-	250,000	(125,000)	-	(125,000)
Net income for the year ended December 31,								
2019							222,767	222,767
Balance - December 31, 2019	37,210,859	\$ 3	3,718	\$36,889,818	2,623,171	\$(1,141,370)	\$ (24,734,769)	\$11,017,397

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

# INNOVATIVE FOOD HOLDINGS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 and 2018

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# **Business Activity**

Our business is currently conducted by our wholly owned subsidiaries, some of which are non-operating, Artisan ("Artisan"), Food Innovations ("FII"), Food New Media Group, Inc. ("FNM"), Organic Food Brokers ("OFB"), Gourmet Food Service Group, Inc. ("GFG"), Gourmet Foodservice Warehouse, Inc. ("GFW"), Gourmeting, Inc. ("Gourmeting"), The Haley Group, Inc. ("Haley"), Oasis Sales Corp. ("Oasis"), 4 The Gourmet, Inc. (d/b/a For The Gourmet, Inc.), ("Gourmet"), Innovative Food Properties, LLC ("IFP"), Innovative Gourmet, LLC ("Innovative Gourmet"), Food Funding, LLC ("Food Funding"), Logistics Innovations, LLC ("L Innovations"), M Innovations, LLC ("M Innovations"), P Innovations, LLC, and collectively with IVFH and its other subsidiaries, the "Company" or "IVFH") have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation of these entities.

Overall, our business activities are focused around the creation and growth of a platform which provides distribution or the enabling of distribution of high quality, unique specialty food and food related products ranging from specialty foodservice products to Consumer-Packaged Goods ("CPG") products through a variety of sales channels ranging from national partnership based and regionally based foodservice related sales channels to e-commerce sales channels offering products both direct to consumers ("D2C") and direct to business ("B2B"). In our business model, we receive orders from our customers and then work closely with our suppliers and our warehouse facilities to have the orders fulfilled. In order to maintain freshness and quality, we carefully select our suppliers based upon, among other factors, their quality, uniqueness, reliability and access to overnight courier services.

FII, though its relationship with the producers, growers, and makers of thousands of unique specialty foodservice products and through its relationship with US Foods, Inc. ("U.S. Foods" or "USF"), has been in the business of providing premium restaurants, within 24 – 72 hours, with the freshest origin-specific perishable, and healthcare products shipped directly from our network of vendors and from our warehouses. Our customers include restaurants, hotels, country clubs, national chain accounts, casinos, hospitals and catering houses.

Gourmet has been in the business of providing specialty food via e-commerce through its own website at www.forthegourmet.com and through other ecommerce channels, with unique specialty gourmet food products shipped directly from our network of vendors and from our warehouses within 24 - 72 hours.

Artisan is a supplier of over 1,500 unique specialty foodservice products to over 500 customers such as chefs, restaurants, etc. in the Greater Chicago area and serves as a national fulfillment center for certain of the Company's other subsidiaries.

GFG is focused on expanding the Company's program offerings to additional specialty foodservice customers.

IFP was formed to hold the Company's real estate holdings including the recently acquired facility in PA.

L Innovations provides 3rd party warehouse and fulfillment services out of its first location at Company's Mountaintop, Pennsylvania facility.

P Innovations focus is to leverage acquired assets to expand the Company's subscription-based e-commerce business activities.

Haley is a dedicated foodservice consulting and advisory firm that works closely with companies to access private label and manufacturers' private label food service opportunities with the intent of helping them launch and commercialize new products in the broadline foodservice industry and assists in the enabling of the distribution of products via national broadline food distributors.

OFB and Oasis function as outsourced national sales and brand management teams for emerging organic and specialty food CPG companies of a variety of sizes and business stages, and provides emerging and unique CPG specialty food brands with distribution and shelf placement access in all of the major metro markets in the food retail industry.

igourmet has been in the business of providing D2C specialty food via e-commerce through its own website at www.igourmet.com and through other channels such as www.amazon.com, www.ebay.com, and www.walmart.com. In addition, igourmet.com offers a line of B2B specialty foodservice items. Products are primarily shipped directly from igourmet.com's 67,000 square feet warehouse in Pennsylvania via igourmet.com owned trucks and via third party carrier directly to thousands of customers nationwide.

Mouth.com (www.mouth.com) is an online retailer of specialty foods, monthly subscription boxes and curated gift boxes to thousands of consumers and corporate customers across the United States. Mouth sources high quality specialty foods crafted in the US by independent and small batch makers, and expertly curates them into standout food gifts for both consumers and corporate customers. Mouth also has launched a private label brand, including several award-winning products.

# **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate these estimates, including those related to revenue recognition and concentration of credit risk. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Accounts subject to estimate and judgments are accounts receivable reserves, income taxes, intangible assets, contingent liabilities, operating right of use assets and liabilities, and equity based instruments. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We believe our estimates have not been materially inaccurate in past years, and our assumptions are not likely to change in the foreseeable future.

# Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Innovative Food Holdings, Inc., and its wholly owned operating subsidiaries, Artisan, FII, FNM, OFB, GFG, GFW, Gourmeting, Haley, Oasis, Innovative Gourmet, Food Funding, IFP, L Innovations, M Innovations, P Innovations, and Gourmet. All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation of these entities.

# Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue upon product delivery. All of our products are shipped either same day or overnight or through longer shipping terms to the customer and the customer takes title to product and assumes risk and ownership of the product when it is delivered. Shipping charges to customers and sales taxes collectible from customers, if any, are included in revenues.

For revenue from product sales, the Company recognizes revenue in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board "FASB" Accounting Standards Codification "ASC" 606. A five-step analysis a must be met as outlined in Topic 606: (i) identify the contract with the customer, (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (iii) determine the transaction price, (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations, and (v) recognize revenue when (or as) performance obligations are satisfied. Provisions for discounts and rebates to customers, estimated returns and allowances, and other adjustments are provided for in the same period the related sales are recorded. The Company defers any revenue for which the product has not been delivered or is subject to refund until such time that the Company and the customer jointly determine that the product has been delivered or no refund will be required. Adoption of ASC 606 had no material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Warehouse and logistic services revenue primarily comprises of inventory management, order fulfilment and warehousing services. Warehouse & logistics services revenues are recognized at the point in time when the services are rendered to the customer.

# **Disaggregation of Revenue**

The following table represents a disaggregation of revenue by from sales for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2019			2018	
Specialty foodservice	\$	45,377,343	\$	41,500,153	
E-Commerce		10,704,419		9,251,979	
National Brand Management		1,645,051		2,173,394	
Warehouse and Logistic Services		176,153		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	57,902,966	\$	52,925,526	

# Cost of goods sold

We have included in cost of goods sold all costs which are directly related to the generation of revenue. These costs include primarily the cost of food and raw materials, packing and handling, shipping, and delivery costs.

We have also included all payroll costs as cost of goods sold in our leasing and logistics services business.

#### Selling, general, and administrative expenses

We have included in selling, general, and administrative expenses all other costs which support the Company's operations but which are not includable as a cost of sales. These include primarily payroll, facility costs such as rent and utilities, selling expenses such as commissions and advertising, amortization of intangible assets, depreciation, and other administrative costs including professional fees and costs associated with non-cash stock compensation. Advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents include all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less which are not securing any corporate obligations.

# Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments and related items, which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents and trade receivables. The Company places its cash and temporary cash in investments with credit quality institutions. At times, such investments may be in excess of applicable government mandated insurance limit. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company had cash deposits in excess of applicable government mandated insurance limits in the amount of \$2,559,503 and \$3,180,000, respectively. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, trade receivables from the Company's largest customer amounted to 35% and 39%, respectively, of total trade receivables.

# Accounts Receivable

The Company provides an allowance for doubtful accounts equal to the estimated uncollectible amounts. The Company's estimate is based on historical collection experience and a review of the current status of trade accounts receivable. It is reasonably possible that the Company's estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts will change. Accounts receivable are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$95,284 and \$155,176 at December 31, 2019, and 2018, respectively.

# **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are valued at cost. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives up to five years using the straight-line method. Leasehold improvements are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The estimated service lives of property and equipment are as follows:

Computer Equipment	3 years
Warehouse Equipment	5 years
Office Furniture and Fixtures	5 years
Vehicles	5 years

# **Inventories**

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market and is determined by the first-in, first-out method.

# Deferred Revenue

Certain customer arrangements in the Company's business such as gift cards and e-commerce subscription purchases result in deferred revenues when cash payments are received in advance of performance. Gift cards are issued by the Company generally do not have expiration dates. The Company records a liability for unredeemed gift cards and advance payments for monthly club memberships, as cash is received, and the liability is reduced when the card is redeemed or product delivered.

The following table represents the changes in deferred revenue as reported on the Company's consolidated balance sheets:

Balance acquired as of January 23, 2018	\$ 231,169
Cash payments received	603,109
Net sales recognized	(274,963)
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$ 559,315
Cash payments received	132,858
Net sales recognized	 (192,397)
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$ 499,776

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#### **Income Taxes**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets, including tax loss and credit carryforwards, and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized as income in the period that includes the enactment date.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, notes payable, line of credit, accounts payable and accrued expenses, none of which is held for trading, approximates their estimated fair values due to the short-term maturities of those financial instruments.

The Company adopted ASC 820-10, "Fair Value Measurements" (SFAS 157), which provides a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP. ASC 820-10 defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820-10 requires that valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

# **Long-Lived Assets**

The Company reviews its property and equipment and any identifiable intangibles for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The test for impairment is required to be performed by management at least annually. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to the future undiscounted operating cash flow expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. Long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell.

# Comprehensive Income

ASC 220-10-15 "Reporting Comprehensive Income," establishes standards for reporting and displaying of comprehensive income, its components and accumulated balances. Comprehensive income is defined to include all changes in equity except those resulting from investments by owners and distributions to owners. Among other disclosures, ASC 220-10-15 requires that all items that are required to be recognized under current accounting standards as components of comprehensive income be reported in a financial statement that is displayed with the same prominence as other financial statements. The Company does not have any items of comprehensive income in any of the periods presented.

#### Cost Method Investments

The Company has made several investments in early stage private food related companies and are accounting for these investments under the cost method.

# Basic and Diluted Income Per Share

Basic net earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period, while fully-diluted net earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock and potentially dilutive securities assumed to be outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. Potentially dilutive securities consist of options and warrants to purchase common stock, and convertible debt. Basic and diluted net loss per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period.

The Company uses the treasury stock method to calculate the impact of outstanding stock options and warrants. Stock options and warrants for which the exercise price exceeds the average market price over the period have an anti-dilutive effect on earnings per common share and, accordingly, are excluded from the calculation.

# Dilutive shares at December 31, 2019:

#### Convertible notes and interest

At December 31, 2019 there were no convertible notes outstanding.

#### Warrants

At December 31, 2019 there were no warrants outstanding.

# **Stock Options**

The following table summarizes the options outstanding and the related prices for the options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock issued by the Company at December 31, 2019:

Exercise Price	Number of Options	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)
\$ 0.62	360,000	4.00
\$ 0.75	50,000	2.00
\$ 0.85	540,000	4.00
\$ 0.95	50,000	2.00
\$ 1.10	75,000	1.37
\$ 1.20	950,000	3.93
\$ 1.50	125,000	2.00
\$ 2.00	125,000	2.00
\$ 2.50	125,000	2.00
\$ 3.00	125,000	2.00
	2,525,000	3.42

# Restricted Stock Awards

At December 31, 2019 there are 300,000 unvested restricted stock awards remaining from grants in a prior year. Those 300,000 restricted stock awards will vest as follows: 125,000 restricted stock awards will vest contingent upon the attainment of a stock price of \$2.00 per share for 20 straight trading days, and an additional 175,000 restricted stock awards will vest contingent upon the attainment of a stock price of \$3.00 per share for 20 straight trading days.

# Stock-based compensation

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company incurred obligations to issue the following shares of common stock pursuant to employment agreements: an aggregate total of 260,507 shares of common stock to its Chief Executive Officer; 30,392 to its Director of Strategic Acquisitions, an aggregate total of 291,090 shares to board members; and 100,000 shares to an employee. These restricted stock grants are being amortized over their vesting periods of one to three years. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the amount of \$246,628 was charged to operations in connection with these grants. Also during the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company issued 19,048 shares of restricted common stock with a fair value of \$10,405 to a service provider, and charged this amount to operations.

# Dilutive shares at December 31, 2018:

# Convertible notes and interest

At December 31, 2018 there were no convertible notes outstanding.

# Warrants

At December 31, 2018 there are no warrants outstanding.

# **Stock Options**

The following table summarizes the options outstanding and the related prices for the options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock issued by the Company:

Exercise Price	Number of Options	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)
\$ 0.75	50,000	3.00
\$ 0.95	50,000	3.00
\$ 1.10	75,000	2.37
\$ 1.31	100,000	0.01
\$ 1.38	100,000	0.92
\$ 1.50	125,000	3.00
\$ 1.90	175,000	0.48
\$ 2.00	125,000	3.00
\$ 2.50	125,000	3.00
\$ 3.00	125,000	3.00
\$ 2.05	1,050,000	2.05

In 2018, an aggregate of 115,941 shares were issued upon the option exercises in December 2017 described below.

# Restricted Stock Awards

At December 31, 2018 there are 300,000 unvested restricted stock awards remaining from grants in a prior year. Those 300,000 restricted stock awards will vest as follows: 125,000 restricted stock awards will vest contingent upon the attainment of a stock price of \$2.00 per share for 20 straight trading days, and an additional 175,000 restricted stock awards will vest contingent upon the attainment of a stock price of \$3.00 per share for 20 straight trading days.

No Restricted stock awards vested in 2018.

# **Stock-based Compensation**

We use the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model to estimate the fair value of options granted. The Black-Scholes option valuation model requires the use of assumptions, including the expected term of the award and the expected stock price volatility. We used the Company's historical volatility to estimate expected stock price volatility. The risk-free rate assumption was based on United States Treasury instruments whose terms were consistent with the expected term of the stock option. The expected dividend assumption was based on the Company's history and expectation of dividend payouts. The value of options is amortized pro rata over the vesting period of the option.

Options expense charged to operations during the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 are summarized in the table below:

	December 31,			
	 2019		2018	
	 ·		_	
Option expense	\$ 157,145	\$	19,098	

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company also granted the following shares of restricted common stock pursuant to compensation agreements:

- 260,507 shares of common stock with a fair value of \$150,000 to the Company's Chief Executive Officer. These shares vested over the twelve month period ended December 31, 2019; the amount of \$150,000 was charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2019. 255,328 shares, net of taxes, were issued in January 2020, and are included in common stock issued and outstanding at December 31, 2019.
- 30,392 shares of restricted common stock with a fair value of \$16,398 to Company's Director of Strategic Acquisitions. These shares vested over the twelve month period ended December 31, 2019; the amount of \$16,398 was charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2019. 29,115 shares, net of taxes, were issued in January 2020, and are included in common stock issued and outstanding at December 31, 2019.
- 100,000 shares of restricted common stock with a fair value of \$100,000 to an employee. Vesting of these shares is scheduled as follows: 33,334 shares vested on December 31, 2019; 33,333 are scheduled to vest on December 31, 2020; and 33,333 are scheduled to vest on December 31, 2021. The amount of \$30,231 was charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2019. 33,334 of these shares were vested at December 31, 2019, and are included in common stock issued and outstanding at December 31, 2019.
- 145,545 shares of restricted common stock with a fair value of \$75,000 to an independent director with a fair value of \$150,000. These shares are scheduled to vest quarterly over a three year period beginning January 1, 2019. The amount of \$25,000 was charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2019. 48,515 of these shares were vested at December 31, 2019, and are included in common stock issued and outstanding at December 31, 2019.
- 145,545 shares of restricted common stock with a fair value of \$75,000 to a second independent director with a fair value of \$150,000. These shares are scheduled to vest quarterly over a three year period beginning January 1, 2019. The amount of \$25,000 was charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2019. 48,515 of these shares were vested at December 31, 2019, and are included in common stock issued and outstanding at December 31, 2019.

#### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to conform prior period data to the current presentation.

#### Leases

Commencing in January 2019, based upon new accounting pronouncements (described in greater detail below), the Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating lease right-of-use assets ("ROU assets") and short-term and long-term lease liabilities are included on the face of the condensed consolidated balance sheet. Finance lease ROU assets are presented within other assets, and finance lease liabilities are presented within accrued liabilities.

ROU assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of the Company's leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company uses an incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The operating lease ROU asset also excludes lease incentives. The Company's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company has lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are accounted for as a single lease component. For lease agreements with terms less than 12 months, the Company has elected the short-term lease measurement and recognition exemption, and it recognizes such lease payments on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

# New Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment, which simplifies the subsequent measurement of goodwill by eliminating Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. In computing the implied fair value of goodwill under Step 2, current U.S. GAAP requires the performance of procedures to determine the fair value at the impairment testing date of assets and liabilities (including unrecognized assets and liabilities) following the procedure that would be required in determining the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination. Instead, the amendments under this ASU require the goodwill impairment test to be performed by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. An impairment charge should be recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value; however, the loss recognized should not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. The ASU becomes effective for the Company on January 1, 2020. The amendments in this ASU should be applied on a prospective basis. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed. We are evaluating what impact, if any, the adoption of this guidance will have on our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows or financial disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months and disclosing key information about leasing transactions. Leases are classified as either operating or financing, with such classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-11, Leases (Topic 842) - Targeted Improvements, which provided an optional transition method to apply the new lease requirements through a cumulative-effect adjustment in the period of adoption.

We adopted ASU 2016-02 in the first quarter of 2019 using the optional transition method and elected certain practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance, which, among other things, allowed us to not reassess prior conclusions related to contracts containing leases or lease classification. The adoption primarily affected our condensed consolidated balance sheet through the recognition of \$338,581 of operating right-of-use assets and \$338,581 of operating lease liabilities as of January 1, 2019. The adoption did not have a significant impact on our results of operations or cash flows. See Note 6 to our condensed consolidated financial statements for further discussion of the effects of the adoption of ASU 2016-02 and the associated disclosures.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-07, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting. This ASU relates to the accounting for non-employee share-based payments. The amendment in this update expands the scope of Topic 718 to include all share-based payment transactions in which a grantor acquired goods or services to be used or consumed in a grantor's own operations by issuing share-based payment awards. The ASU excludes share-based payment awards that relate to: (1) financing to the issuer; or (2) awards granted in conjunction with selling goods or services to customers as part of a contract accounted for under Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts from Customers. The share-based payments are to be measured at grant-date fair value of the equity instruments that the entity is obligated to issue when the goods or service has been delivered or rendered and all other conditions necessary to earn the right to benefit from the equity instruments have been satisfied. This standard will be effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within that fiscal year. We adopted the provisions of this ASU on January 1, 2019. The adoption had no impact on our results of operations, cash flows, or financial condition.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued but not yet effective accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

# 2. ACQUISITIONS

# GBC Sub, Inc. (d/b/a TheGiftBox)

Effective July 23, 2019, P Innovations acquired certain assets of GBC Sub, Inc. (d/b/a The GiftBox) ("GiftBox") (the "GiftBox Asset Purchase Agreement"). GiftBox, a privately held Nevada corporation controlled by David Polinsky, a director of the Company, was in the business of subscription-based ecommerce. The consideration for the assets purchased was a nominal amount of cash. The GiftBox Asset Purchase Agreement also provides the sellers the option to acquire 30% of P Innovations subject to dilution for a period of thirty-six months following the date of the Giftbox Asset Purchase Agreement; the option will only be exercisable if there is a spinoff of P Innovations to Innovative Food Holdings' shareholders. The Company is evaluating its preliminary purchase price allocation. As a result, during the preliminary purchase price allocation period, which may be up to one year from the asset purchase date, we may record adjustments to the assets acquired.

# Mouth Foods, Inc.

Effective July 6, 2018, M Innovations acquired certain assets of Mouth Foods, Inc. from MFI (assignment for the benefit of creditors), LLC ("MFI"), the assignee of Mouth Foods, Inc.'s assets in connection with a Delaware assignment proceeding, pursuant to the terms of an Asset Purchase Agreement ("MFI APA"). The MFI APA was accounted for as an acquisition of an ongoing business in accordance with ASC Topic 805 - Business Combinations ("ASC 805"), where the Company was treated as the acquirer and the acquired assets and assumed liabilities were recorded by the Company at their preliminary estimated fair values. Mouth Foods, Inc., was a privately held New York company operating out of Brooklyn, was an expert curator and online retailer of high quality specialty foods from small-batch makers in the US.

The consideration for and in connection with the acquisition consisted of (i) closing related cash payments of \$208,355; (ii) additional revenue-based contingent liabilities valued by management at \$100,000 related to certain future sales of purchased assets payable under the following terms: payment of 5% of certain revenues, with no payments on the first \$500,000 of revenues and no payments on revenues after June 30, 2020; (iii) additional revenue based contingent liabilities of up to \$185,000 associated with the purchase of certain debt of the seller; and (iv) additional contingent liability consideration valued by management at approximately \$20,000. At December 31, 2019, the Company maintains contingent liabilities in the aggregate amount of \$120,000 on its balance sheet in connection with the MIF APA.

The acquisition date estimated fair value of the consideration transferred totaled \$513,355. During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company changed the original allocation of the purchase price among the assets acquired. The reallocated purchase price consisted of the following:

\$ 208,355
185,000
100,000
20,000
\$ 513,355
\$ 57,000
419,926
36,429
\$ 513,355
\$

The above estimated fair value of the intangible assets is based on management's estimates. Going forward, adjustments to assets acquired or liabilities assumed subsequent to the purchase price allocation period will be made in our operating results in the period in which the adjustments are determined.

# igourmet, LLC

The igourmet Asset Purchase Agreement effective January 23, 2018 (the "igourmet APA") was accounted for as an acquisition of an ongoing business in accordance with ASC Topic 805 - Business Combinations ("ASC 805"), where the Company was treated as the acquirer and the acquired assets and certain liabilities not purchased or assumed by Innovative Gourmet, which under certain circumstances, Innovative Gourmet may determine to pay, were recorded by the Company at their preliminary estimated fair values.

The consideration for and in connection with the igourmet APA consisted of: (i) \$1,500,000, which satisfied or reduced secured, priority and administrative debt of sellers; (ii) in connection with and prior to the acquisition, our wholly-owned subsidiary, Food Funding, funded advances of \$325,500 to sellers on a secured basis, pursuant to certain loan documents and as bridge loans, which loans were reduced by the proceeds of the igourmet APA; (iii) the purchase for \$200,000 of certain debt owed by sellers, to be paid out of, if available, Innovative Gourmet's cash flow; (iv) potential contingent liability allocation for a percentage of sellers' approximately \$2,300,000 of certain debt, not purchased or assumed by Innovative Gourmet, which under certain circumstances, Innovative Gourmet may determine to pay; and (v) additional purchase price consideration of (a) up to a maximum of \$1,500,000, if EBITDA of Innovative Gourmet in 2019 exceeds its EBITDA in 2018 by at least 20% and if its EBITDA reaches \$5,000,000; and (c) up to a maximum of \$2,125,000, if EBITDA of Innovative Gourmet in 2020 exceeds its EBITDA in 2019 by at least 20% and if its EBITDA reaches \$8,000,000. The additional purchase price consolidation milestone for 2018 and 2019 were not met. The EBITDA based earnout shall be paid 37.5% in cash, 25% in Innovative Food Holdings shares valued at the time of the closing of this transaction and 37.5%, at Innovative Gourmet's option, in Innovative Food Holdings shares valued at the time of the earnout or in cash.

In connection with the igourmet APA, our wholly-owned subsidiary, Food Funding, purchased seller's senior secured note at a price of approximately \$1,187,000, pursuant to the terms of a Loan Sale Agreement with UPS Capital Business Credit. That note was reduced by the proceeds of the igourmet APA as disclosed in (i) above.

The acquisition date estimated fair value of the consideration transferred totaled \$4,151,243. During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company made the following purchase price adjustments: (i) accrued an additional \$286,239 for accounts payable prior to acquisition; (ii) decreased contingent liabilities by the amount of \$392,900 for earnout payments not made; (iii) decreased accounts receivable in the amount of \$108,893 for amounts not collected; and (4) increased deferred revenue in the amount of \$231,169 for shipments made. These adjustments increased the value of the acquisition to \$4,275,751. At December 31, 2018, the value of the acquisition consisted of the following:

Initial purchase price	\$	1,500,000
Cash payable in connection with transaction	-	1,863,443
Accounts payable		286,239
Deferred revenue		231,169
Contingent liabilities		394,900
Total purchase price	\$	4,275,751
Tangible assets acquired	\$	842,458
Intangible assets acquired		2,970,600
Goodwill acquired		462,693
Total purchase price	\$	4,275,751

The above estimated fair value of the intangible assets is based on a third party valuation expert and also includes additional analysis by management based on a subsequent analysis of the transaction and adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with the corresponding offset to goodwill. Going forward, adjustments to assets acquired or liabilities assumed subsequent to the purchase price allocation period will be made in our operating results in the period in which the adjustments are determined.

# Pro forma results

The following table sets forth the unaudited pro forma results of the Company as if the igourmet APA was effective on January 1, 2018. These combined results are not necessarily indicative of the results that may have been achieved had the companies always been combined.

	De	ecember 31, 2018
		(unaudited)
Revenues	\$	53,303,176
Net Income	\$	1,706,253
Basic net income per share	\$	0.05
Diluted net income per share	\$	0.05
Weighted average shares – basic		33,983,620
Weighted average shares – diluted		33,983,620

# 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, accounts receivable consists of:

	2019	2018
Accounts receivable from customers	\$ 3,405,114	\$ 3,194,932
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(95,284)	(155,176)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 3,309,830	\$ 3,039,756

During the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company charged the amount of \$36,037 and \$5,099, respectively, to bad debt expense.

# 4. INVENTORY

Inventory consists of specialty food products. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, inventory consisted of the following:

	 2019	 2018
Finished Goods Inventory	\$ 2,350,622	\$ 2,301,377

# 5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

# **Acquisition of Building**

The Company owns a building and property located at 28411 Race Track Road, Bonita Springs, Florida 34135. The property consists of approximately 1.1 acres of land and approximately 10,000 square feet of combined office and warehouse space, and was purchased as part of a bank short sale. The Company moved its operations to these premises on July 15, 2013. The purchase price of the property was \$792,758.

On May 14, 2015, the Company purchased a building and property located at 2528 S. 27th Avenue, Broadview, Illinois 60155. The property consists of approximately 1.33 acres of land and approximately 28,711 square feet of combined office and warehouse space. The purchase price of \$914,350 was initially financed primarily by a draw-down of \$900,000 on the Company's credit facility with Fifth Third Bank, National Association ("Fifth Third Bank"). On May 29, 2015, a permanent financing facility was provided by Fifth Third Bank in the form of a loan in the amount of \$980,000. \$900,000 of this amount was used to pay the balance of the credit facility; the additional \$80,000 was used for refrigeration and other improvements at the property. The interest on the loan is at the LIBOR rate plus 3.0%. The building is used for office and warehouse space primarily for the Company's Artisan subsidiary. We have also recently completed an additional property improvement and upgrade buildout at the Artisan building which include a fully functional commercial test kitchen and training center and conference room. The test kitchen and training room will be used by Artisan and other subsidiaries of the Company for the purposes of new product testing and development and approval, Quality Assurance and Quality Control as well as sales presentations and customer demonstrations. In addition, we recently added a packaging room to the Artisan building, which is built to FDA, FSMA and SQF food safety standards and purchased new, technologically advanced semi-automated fillers for the packaging room. The packaging room addition will allow for expansion of private label product lines as well as packing of organic, non GMO, diet specific and other specialty foods. The test kitchen, packaging room and additional improvements were financed by a loan from Fifth Third Bank.

Depreciation on the building and the related improvements, furniture, fixtures, and equipment began when the Company occupied the facility in October, 2015.

On November 8, 2019 the Company, through a newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary, purchased a logistics and warehouse facility (the "Facility") for \$4.5 million. The Facility is approximately 200,000 square feet and is situated on approximately 15 acres in Mountain Top, Pennsylvania. The Facility's appraised value by a third party appraisal firm in October 2019 was \$6,150,000 "as is" and \$8,000,000 with additional scheduled improvements. Related to the Facility purchase, the Company entered into a commercial loan agreement for both the purchase price and planned improvements to the Facility. The amount of the loan was \$5,500,000, of which \$3,600,000 had been utilized at December 31, 2019 in connection with the purchase of the Facility; the lender was Fifth Third Bank and the loan is secured by a mortgage on the property and other Company assets. The interest on the loan is LIBOR plus 2.75%, with interest only payments due through September 30, 2020, thereafter with principal amortized over 20 years with the balance due at maturity on September 2, 2025. Related to Facility purchase, the Company also acquired certain leases from certain tenants of the Facility, all of which were in good standing at the time of purchase. Depreciation on the building began when the Company commenced recognizing revenue from leasing and logistics services associated with the Facility.

A summary of property and equipment at December 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018	
Land	\$	1,256,895	\$	385,523
Building		4,959,993		1,326,165
Computer and Office Equipment		549,703		523,853
Warehouse Equipment		345,973		302,622
Furniture and Fixtures		894,628		889,073
Vehicles		117,785		220,812
Total before accumulated depreciation		8,124,977		3,648,048
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,479,588)		(1,191,438)
Total	\$	6,645,389	\$	2,456,610

Depreciation and amortization expense for property and equipment amounted to \$334,342 and \$197,222 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

# 6. RIGHT OF USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES - OPERATING LEASES

The Company has operating leases for offices, warehouses, vehicles, and office equipment. The Company's leases have remaining lease terms of 1 year to 3 years, some of which include options to extend.

The Company's lease expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 was entirely comprised of operating leases and amounted to \$202,551. The Company's ROU asset amortization for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$187,254. The difference between the lease expense and the associated ROU asset amortization consists of interest.

Right to use assets – operating leases are summarized below:

	Deceml 201	-
Warehouse	\$	46,977
Warehouse equipment		20,446
Office equipment		28,039
Vehicles		98,271
Right to use assets, net	\$	193,733

Operating lease liabilities are summarized below:

	Dec	cember 31, 2019
Warehouse	\$	46,977
Warehouse equipment		20,446
Office equipment		28,039
Vehicles		98,271
Lease liability	\$	193,733
Less: current portion		(133,296)
Lease liability, non-current	\$	60,437

Maturity analysis under these lease agreements are as follows:

Twelve months ended December 31, 2020	\$ 139,627
Twelve months ended December 31, 2021	51,414
Twelve months ended December 31, 2022	9,919
Twelve months ended December 31, 2023	1,298
Twelve months ended December 31, 2024	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 202,258
Less: Present value discount	(8,525)
Lease liability	\$ 193,733

# 7. INVESTMENTS

The Company has made investments in certain early stage food related companies which it expects can benefit from synergies with the Company's various operating businesses. At December 31, 2019 the Company has investments in eight food related companies in the aggregate amount of \$435,225. The Company does not have significant influence over the operations of these companies.

The Company's investments may take the form of debt, equity, or equity in the future including convertible notes and other instruments which provide for future equity under various scenarios including subsequent financings or initial public offerings. The Company has evaluated the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") No. 325-20 Investments – Other, in determining to account for the investment using the cost method since the equity securities are not marketable and do not give the Company significant influence.

Also during the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company converted accounts receivable in the amount of \$60,500 respectively, into an equity investment in a food related company. Also during the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company made cash investments in three food related companies in the total amount of \$60,200.

# 8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Company acquired certain intangible assets pursuant to the acquisition of Artisan, OFB, Oasis, and the acquisition of certain assets of Haley, igourmet LLC and Mouth Foods, Inc. The following is the net book value of these assets:

	December 31, 2019					
				Accumulated		
		Gross		Amortization	]	Net
Non-Compete Agreement - amortizable	\$	505,900	\$	(433,545)	\$	72,355
Customer Relationships - amortizable		3,068,034		(2,427,612)		640,422
Trade Name		1,532,822		-		1,532,822
Internally Developed Technology		875,643		(329,679)		545,964
Website		84,000		-		84,000
Goodwill		650,243		<u>-</u>		650,243
Total	\$	6,716,642	\$	(3,190,836)	\$	3,525,806

		<b>December 31, 2018</b>				
	<u> </u>			Accumulated		
		Gross		Amortization		Net
Non-Compete Agreement - amortizable	\$	505,900	\$	(362,913)	\$	142,987
Customer Relationships - amortizable		3,068,034		(1,783,598)		1,284,445
Trade Name		1,532,822		-		1,532,822
Internally Developed Technology		875,643		(144,577)		731,066
Goodwill		650,243		-		650,243
Total	\$	6,632,651	\$	(2,291,088)	\$	4,341,563

Total amortization expense charged to operations for the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$898,757 and \$885,002, respectively.

Amortization of finite life intangible assets as of December 31, 2019 is as follows:

2020	\$ 721,628
2021	376,680
2022	192,774
2023 and thereafter	 51,659
Total	\$ 1,342,741

The trade names are not considered finite-lived assets, and are not being amortized. The non-compete agreement is being amortized over a period of 48 months. The customer relationships acquired in these transactions are being amortized over periods of 24 to 36 months. The internally developed technology is being amortized over 60 months.

As detailed in ASC 350, the Company tests for goodwill impairment in the fourth quarter of each year and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair value and may not be recoverable. As detailed in ASC 350-20-35-3A, in performing its testing for goodwill impairment, management has completed a qualitative analysis to determine whether it was more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, including goodwill. To complete this review, management followed the steps in ASC 350-20-35-3C to evaluate the fair value of goodwill and considered all known events and circumstances that might trigger an impairment of goodwill. The analysis completed in 2019 determined that there was no impairment to goodwill assets.

# 9. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 are as follows:

	D	December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$	3,935,384	\$	3,425,178
Accrued payroll and commissions		74,572		264,690
Total	\$	4,009,956	\$	3,689,868

# 10. ACCRUED INTEREST

At December 31, 2019, accrued interest on a note outstanding was \$16,973. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, the Company paid cash for interest in the aggregate amount of \$112,971.

At December 31, 2018, accrued interest on a note outstanding was \$16,402. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2018, the Company paid cash for interest in the aggregate amount of \$119,791.

# 11. REVOLVING CREDIT FACILITIES

	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
On March 23, 2018, the Company entered into a Master Loan & Security Agreement that provided for the advance of funds in connection with a \$500,000 Draw Promissory Note in order to finance certain equipment acquisitions ("Artisan Equipment Loan"). On December 21, 2018, the Company advanced \$391,558 under the \$500,000 Draw Promissory Note. This loan is secured by the Company's tangible and intangible personal property and bears interest at the rate of 5.20%. As of December 31, 2018, there was \$108,422 remaining to be drawn on the Artisan Equipment Loan. On March 27, 2019, an amendment was made to the Draw Promissory Note to extend the draw period to December 31, 2019. On March 27, 2019, a Promissory Note was made for the amounts advanced in the amount of \$391,558 to convert to a Term Loan. (see note 12).	\$ -	\$ -
Line of credit facility with Fifth Third Bank in the original amount of \$1,000,000 with an interest rate of LIBOR plus 3.25%. In August 2015, the amount of the credit facility was increased to \$1,500,000 and the due date was extended to August 1, 2016. In August 2016, this credit facility was extended to August 1, 2017. On August 1, 2017 this credit facility was increased to \$2,000,000 and the due date was extended to August 1, 2018. In August 2018, this credit facility was extended to August 1, 2019. Effective August 1, 2019, this credit facility was extended to August 1, 2021.	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$ -	
49		

# 12. NOTES PAYABLE

		2018
Term loan dated as of August 5, 2016 in the original amount of \$1,200,000 payable to Fifth Third Bank. This loan is secured by the Company's tangible and intangible personal property and bears interest at the rate of LIBOR plus 4.5%. Principal payments in the amount of \$66,667 are due monthly along with accrued interest beginning September 5, 2016. The entire principal balance and all accrued interest was due and was paid on the maturity date of February 5, 2018. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2016, the Company transferred principal in the amount of \$1,200,000 from the line of credit facility with Fifth Third Bank into this term loan. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2018, the Company made principal and interest payments on this loan in the amounts of \$114,033 and \$829, respectively.	\$ -	\$ -
Secured mortgage note payable for the acquisition of land and building in Bonita Springs, Florida in the amount of \$546,000. Principal payments of \$4,550 plus interest at the rate of Libor plus 3% are due monthly. The balance of the principal amount was originally due February 28, 2018. On March 23, 2018 and effective February 26, 2018, this note was amended and renewed in the amount of \$273,000, with monthly payments of principal and interest of \$4,550 payable through the maturity date of February 28, 2023. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company made payments of principal and interest on this note in the amounts of \$54,600 and \$11,111, respectively.	177,450	232,050
Secured mortgage note payable for the acquisition of land and building in Broadview, Illinois in the amount of \$980,000. Principal payments of \$8,167 plus interest at the rate of LIBOR plus 2.75% are due monthly through April 2020, the remaining principal balance in the amount of \$490,000 will be due May 29, 2020. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company made payments of principal and interest on this note in the amounts of \$98,000 and \$30,031, respectively.	530,833	628,833
Term loan dated March 28, 2018 in the original amount of \$1,500,000 payable to Fifth Third Bank. This loan is secured by the Company's tangible and intangible personal property and bears interest at the rate of LIBOR plus 4.25%. Principal payments in the amount of \$83,333 are due monthly along with accrued interest beginning March 28, 2018. The entire principal balance and all accrued interest is due on the maturity date of August 28, 2019. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company made payments of principal and interest on this note in the amounts of \$666,670 and \$17,157, respectively.	-	666,670
Promissory note dated March 22, 2019 in the original amount of \$391,558 (the "Artisan Equipment Loan") payable to Fifth Third Bank. This loan is secured by the Company's tangible and intangible personal property and bears interest at the rate of 5.20%. The entire principal balance and all accrued interest is due on the maturity date of March 21, 2024. Monthly payments in the amount of \$7,425 including principal and interest commenced in April, 2019. During the year ended December 31, 2019, equipment financed under the Artisan Equipment Loan in the amount of \$33,075 was returned for credit. Also, during the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company made payments of principal and interest on this note in the amounts of \$48,654 and \$18,957 respectively.	309,829	391,558
A note payable in the amount of \$20,000. The Note was due in January 2006 and the Company is currently accruing interest on this note at 1.9%. During each of the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the	233,220	222,230
Company accrued interest in the amount of \$380 on this note.	20,000	20,000

	December 31, 2019		nber 31, 018
Unsecured promissory note in the amount of \$100,000 dated January 1, 2017 bearing interest at the rate of 2.91% per annum issued in connection with the Oasis acquisition. Payments in the amount of \$4,297 consisting of principal and interest are to be made monthly beginning February 15, 2017 for twenty-four months until paid in full. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company made principal and			
interest payments on this note in the amount of \$4,291 and \$0, respectively.	-		4,291
This obligation was reclassified as a Lease Liability - Financing Lease in connection with the Company's adoption of ASU 2016-02 on January 1, 2019; see note 13.	-		5,661
Vehicle acquisition loan dated December 6, 2018 in the original amount of \$51,088, payable in sixty monthly installments of \$955 including interest at the rate of 4.61%. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company made principal and interest payments in the amount of \$8,540 and \$1,964, respectively, on this			
loan.	41,788		50,328
This obligation was reclassified as a Lease Liability - Financing Lease in connection with the Company's adoption of ASU 2016-02 on January 1, 2019; see note 13.	-		125,711
Secured mortgage facility in the amount of \$5,500,000 with Fifth Third Bank for the acquisition of land and building in Wright, Pennsylvania dated November 8, 2019. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company drew down \$3,600,000 of this facility. The interest rate is LIBOR plus 2.75% with interest only due through September 30, 2020, thereafter with principal amortized at a 20 years amortization rate and the balance due on the maturity date of September 2, 2025. The Company prepaid loan fees in connection with this loan in the amount of \$71,097 which are considered a discount to the loan; \$1,819 of these fees were amortized to interest expense during the year ended December 31, 2019 and are being amortized over the term of the note. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company made principal and interest payments in the amount of \$0 and \$25,064, respectively, on this loan.	3,600,000		-
Total	\$ 4,679,900	\$	2,125,102
Discount	(71,097)	Ψ	-,120,102
Net of discount	4,608,803		2,125,102
Current portion Long-term maturities Total	\$ 727,766 3,952,134 \$ 4,679,900	\$	928,857 1,196,245 2,125,102
Aggregate maturities of long-term notes payable as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:		-	

For the twelve months ended December 31,

2020	\$ 727,766
2021	314,531
2022	319,537
2023	282,146
2024	200,920
Thereafter	2,835,000
Total	\$ 4,679,900

# 13. LEASE LIABILITIES - FINANCING LEASES

Financing lease obligation under a lease agreement for a forklift dated November 7, 2016 payable in thirty-six monthly installments of \$579 including interest at the rate of 4.83%. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company made principal and interest payments on this lease obligation in the amounts of \$5,661 and \$103, respectively.

Financing lease obligation under a lease agreement for a truck dated November 5, 2018 in the original amount of \$128,587 payable in seventy monthly installments of \$2,326 including interest at the rate of 8.33%. \$125,711 was outstanding as of December 31, 2018 (see note 12). During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company made principal and interest payments on this lease obligation in the amounts of \$18,114 and \$9,793, respectively.

107,597

Financing lease obligation under a lease agreement for a truck dated August 23, 2019 in the original amount of \$80,413 payable in eighty-four monthly installments of \$1,148 including interest at the rate of 5.0%. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company made principal and interest payments on this lease obligation in the amounts of \$3,273 and \$1,658, respectively.

77,140

Total	<u>\$</u>	18	4,737	\$ -
Current portion	\$	2	9,832	\$ -
Long-term maturities	_	15	4,905	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$	18	4,737	\$ -

Aggregate maturities of lease liabilities – financing leases as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

For the period ended December 31,

2020	\$ 29,832
2021	32,056
2022	34,454
2023	37,039
2024	30,428
Thereafter	 20,928
Total	\$ 184,737

# 14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

# For the year ended December 31, 2019:

# GBC Sub, Inc. (d/b/a TheGiftBox)

Effective July 23, 2019, P Innovations acquired certain assets of GBC Sub, Inc. (d/b/a The GiftBox) ("GiftBox") (the "GiftBox Asset Purchase Agreement"). GiftBox, a privately held Nevada corporation controlled by David Polinsky, a director of the Company, was in the business of subscription-based ecommerce. The consideration for the assets purchased was a nominal amount of cash. The GiftBox Asset Purchase Agreement also provides the sellers the option to acquire 30% of P Innovations subject to dilution for a period of thirty-six months following the date of the Giftbox Asset Purchase Agreement; the option will only be exercisable if there is a spinoff of P Innovations to Innovative Food Holdings' shareholders. The Company is evaluating its preliminary purchase price allocation. As a result, during the preliminary purchase price allocation period, which may be up to one year from the asset purchase date, we may record adjustments to the assets acquired.

# Sale of common stock to related party

On July 23, 2019, the Company entered into a subscription agreement to sell 349,650 restricted shares of common stock to Pet Box LLC, a company controlled by David Polinsky, a director of the Company. The purchase price was \$0.715 per share for a total of \$250,000. See note 16.

# Stock based compensation to Officers

During the year ended December 31, 2019 in connection with stock based compensation based upon the terms of employment agreements with its employees and compensation agreements with the Company's independent board members, the Company charged to operations the aggregate total amount of \$226,803 for the vesting of a total of 387,899 shares of common stock issuable to its Chief Executive Officer, its Director of Strategic Acquisitions and to its two independent board members. In January 2020, the Company issued, net of income taxes, an aggregate of 316,966 of these shares. See note 20.

In January 2019, the Company awarded the following to each of its two independent directors: (i) a cash retainer in the amount of \$45,000, which was paid in January 2019; and (ii) cash retainers in the amount of \$30,000 per year, to be paid quarterly.

In January 2019, the Company awarded the following stock options to four of its directors:

- (i) five-year options to purchase 90,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.62 per share, vesting quarterly over a three year period;
- (ii) five-year options to purchase 135,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.85 per share, vesting quarterly over a three year period;
- (iii) five-year options to purchase 225,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$1.20 per share, vesting quarterly over a three year period.

In July 2019, the Company awarded five-year options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock to a director at a price of \$1.20 per share, vesting quarterly over a one year period.

The Company recognized non-cash compensation in the amount of \$157,145 during the year ended December 31, 2019 in connection with these options.

# For the year ended December 31, 2018:

In January 2018, the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock to a director for the exercise of options at a price of \$0.35 per share.

In May 2018, as part of a realignment towards focusing on certain specific growth initiatives and growth opportunities the Company amended the employment agreement with its President, and the President of the Company was named as the Director of Strategic Acquisitions, whose responsibilities include: (i) identifying and assisting in the acquisition and integration of strategic assets; (ii) identifying and executing on new growth opportunities; and (iii) identifying and executing growth initiatives for the Company. In order to allow for the Executive to devote his full time to his new responsibilities, the President of the Company resigned from his role as President of the Company and its subsidiaries. Pursuant to this agreement, the Executive's salary was reduced by \$15,000 per year, and an equity bonus of 46,000 shares of the Company's common stock will be issued to the Executive. These shares will vest at a rate of one-sixth per month over a period of six months.

In addition, in 2018, 55,192 shares were issued to the Company's President upon the option exercises in December 2017, and 60,507 shares were issued to the Company's Chief Executive Officer upon the exercises in December 2017, as described below.

The Company acquired options to purchase 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock from its President for \$9,000 cash, which was the difference between the exercise price of the options and the market price of the stock on the date of purchase.

The Company acquired options to purchase 140,000 shares of the Company's common stock from its President for \$13,400 cash, which was the difference between the exercise price of the options and the market price of the stock on the date of purchase.

The Company acquired options to purchase 87,500 shares of the Company's common stock from its Principal Accounting Officer for \$8,125 cash, which was the difference between the exercise price of the options and the market price of the stock on the date of purchase.

The Company acquired options to purchase 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock from its Chief Executive Officer for \$24,000 cash, which was the difference between the exercise price of the options and the market price of the stock on the date of purchase.

The Company acquired options to purchase 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock from its President for \$24,000 cash, which was the difference between the exercise price of the options and the market price of the stock on the date of purchase.

The Company acquired options to purchase 200,000 shares of the Company's common stock from two of its directors (100,000 from each director) for \$48,000 (\$24,000 to each director), which was the difference between the exercise price of the options and the market price of the stock on the date of purchase.

The Company acquired options to purchase 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock from a director for \$33,000, which was the difference between the exercise price of the options and the market price of the stock on the date of purchase.

The Company's Chief Executive Officer exercised 100,000 options at a price of \$0.35 per share and an additional 100,000 options at a price of \$0.57 per share. The amount due to the Company for these conversions was extended to April 26, 2018. 55,192 shares of common stock were deemed issued on March 5, 2018, which number of shares represents a net amount after a cash payment of \$45,000 which was a portion of the difference between the exercise price of the options and the market price of the stock on the date of purchase, and taxes. See note 16.

The Company's President exercised 100,000 options at a price of \$0.35 per share and an additional 100,000 options at a price of \$0.57 per share. The amount due to the Company for these conversions was extended to April 26, 2018. 60,507 shares of common stock were deemed issued on March 5, 2018, which number of shares represents a net amount after a cash payment of \$45,000 which was a portion of the difference between the exercise price of the options and the market price of the stock on the date of purchase, and taxes. See note 16.

A Director exercised 100,000 options at a price of \$0.35 per share. The amount due to the Company for these conversions was extended to April 26, 2018. See note 16.

# 15. INCOME TAXES

Deferred income taxes result from the temporary differences primarily attributable to amortization of intangible assets and debt discount and an accumulation of net operating loss carryforwards for income tax purposes with a valuation allowance against the carryforwards for book purposes.

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Included in deferred tax assets are Federal and State net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$500,000, which will expire through 2038. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Due to significant changes in the Company's ownership, the Company's future use of its existing net operating losses may be limited.

The provision (benefit) for income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 consist of the following:

	2019	9	2018
Current	\$	- \$	155,000
Deferred		-	-
Total	\$	- \$	155,000

The provision (benefit) for income taxes differs from the amount of income tax determined by applying the applicable statutory income tax rate of 27.6% for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 to the loss before taxes as a result of the following differences:

	2019		2018		
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 222,767	\$	1,850,899		
Statutory tax rate	27.6%	% 2			
Total tax at statutory rate	 61,400	510,00			
Permanent difference – meals and entertainment	13,000		25,000		
Other adjustments	 (42,700)				
Total	31,700		535,000		
Changes in valuation allowance	 (31,700)		(380,000)		
Income tax expense	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	155,000		

Deferred income taxes reflect the tax impact of temporary differences between the amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and such amounts as measured by tax laws and regulations.

Deferred income taxes include the net tax effects of net operating loss (NOL) carryforwards and the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. As of December 31, 2019, and 2018 significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets are as follows:

	2	2019	2018
Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities):			
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$	139,500	\$ 410,000
Allowance for doubtful accounts		12,700	7,000
Property and equipment		(28,900)	(38,800)
Intangible assets		(159,000)	(350,000)
Accrued officer compensation		114,300	18,700
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)		78,600	46,900
Valuation allowance		(78,600)	(46,900)
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	\$	-	\$ -

The Company's tax returns for the previous three years remain open for audit by the respective tax jurisdictions.

# 16. EQUITY

# Common Stock

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, a total of 2,837,580 and 2,587,580 shares, respectively, are deemed issued but not outstanding by the Company.

Twelve months ended December 31, 2019:

The Company issued a total of 131,136 shares of common stock to seven employees for previously accrued bonuses in the amount of \$93,666.

The Company charged the amount of \$157,145 in connection with the vesting of stock options issuable to board members and employees in connection with their employment agreements.

The Company charged the amount of \$246,628 in connection with the vesting of 421,233 shares of common stock issuable to board members and employees in connection with their employment agreements. 414,807 of the the vested shares, net of taxes due, are included in common stock outstanding at December 31, 2019.

The Company sold 349,650 restricted shares of common stock to Pet Box LLC, a company controlled by David Polinsky, a director of the Company. The purchase price was \$0.715 per share for a total of \$250,000.

The Company issued 19,048 shares of common stock with an average fair value of \$0.546 to a service provider; the fair value of \$10,405 was charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2019.

The Company acquired 250,000 shares of common stock from an investor; the purchase price was \$0.50 per share for a total of \$125,000; these shares were retired to treasury during the year ended December 31, 2019.

Twelve months ended December 31, 2018:

The Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock for cash of \$35,000 pursuant to the exercise of options.

In December 2017, the Company's Chief Executive Officer exercised 100,000 options at a price of \$0.35 per share and an additional 100,000 options at a price of \$0.57 per share. The date for payment of the exercise price of these options was extended to April 26, 2018. 55,192 shares of common stock were deemed issued on March 5, 2018, which number of shares represents a net amount after a cash payment of \$45,000 which was a portion of the difference between the exercise price of the options and the market price of the stock on the date of purchase, and taxes.

In December 2017, the Company's President exercised 100,000 options at a price of \$0.35 per share and an additional 100,000 options at a price of \$0.57 per share. The date for payment of the exercise price of these options was extended to April 26, 2018. 60,507 shares of common stock were deemed issued on March 5, 2018, which number of shares represents a net amount after a cash payment of \$45,000 which was a portion of the difference between the exercise price of the options and the market price of the stock on the date of purchase, and taxes.

The Company recognized the fair value of stock options vested to management and employees in the amount of \$19,098. The Company also recognized the fair value of stock grants to management and employees in the amount of \$48,307.

The Company purchased 2,000 shares of common stock from an employee at a cost of \$0.97 per share for a total of \$1,940 and retired these shares to treasury.

The Company made open market purchases of 27,800 shares of its common stock at an average cost of \$0.79 per share for a total of \$22,117 and retired these shares to treasury.

The Company received for cancellation a share certificate representing 66,668 shares of common stock which the investor had lost. The Company retired these shares to treasury.

# Treasury Stock

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company had 2,623,171 and 2,373,171 shares of treasury stock, respectively.

# Warrants

The Company had no warrants outstanding at December 31, 2019 or 2018.

# **Options**

Twelve months ended December 31, 2019:

In January 1, 2019, the Company issued the following options:

- Options to purchase 90,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.62 per share, vesting quarterly over three years, and expiring December 31, 2023 issued to four of its directors (a total of 360,000 options);
- Options to purchase 135,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.85 per share, vesting quarterly over three years, and expiring December 31, 2023 issued to four of its directors (a total of 540,000 options);
- Options to purchase 225,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$1.20 per share, vesting quarterly over three years, and expiring December 31, 2023 issued to four of its directors (a total of 900,000 options);

On July 24, 2019, the Company issued to a director options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$1.20 per share, vesting July 24, 2021 and expiring July 24, 2022.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, an aggregate of 375,000 options to purchase shares of common stock at a weighted average price of \$1.43 expired.

Twelve months ended December 31, 2018:

In May 2018, the Company issued the following options:

- Options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$1.10 per share, vesting at a rate of on-sixth per month beginning June 1, 2018 and expiring May 14, 2021.

In November 2018, the Company issued the following options:

- Options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.75 per share, vesting on April 1, 2020 and expiring December 31, 2021;
- Options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.95 per share, vesting on April 1, 2020 and expiring December 31, 2021;
- Options to purchase 125,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$1.50 per share, vesting on December 31, 2019 and expiring December 31, 2021:
- Options to purchase 125,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$2.00 per share, vesting on August 30, 2020 and expiring December 31, 2021:
- Options to purchase 125,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$2.50 per share, vesting on August 30, 2020 and expiring December 31, 2021;
- Options to purchase 125,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$3.00 per share, vesting on August 30, 2020 and expiring December 31, 2021;

During the year ended December 31, 2018, an aggregate 1,135,000 options to purchase shares of common stock at a weighted average price of \$1.51 expired.

The following table summarizes the options outstanding and the related prices for the options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock issued by the Company as of December 31, 2019:

Range of exercise Prices	Number of options Outstanding	Weighted average Remaining contractual life (years)	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding Options	Number of options Exercisable	Weighted average exercise price of exercisable Options
\$ 0.62	360,000	4.00	\$ 0.62	120,000	\$ 0.62
\$ 0.75	50,000	2.00	\$ 0.75	-	\$ -
\$ 0.85	540,000	4.00	\$ 0.85	180,000	\$ 0.85
\$ 0.95	50,000	2.00	\$ 0.95	-	\$ -
\$ 1.10	75,000	1.37	\$ 1.10	75,000	\$ 1.10
\$ 1.20	950,000	3.79	\$ 1.20	300,000	\$ 1.20
\$ 1.50	125,000	2.00	\$ 1.50	125,000	\$ 1.50
\$ 2.00	125,000	2.00	\$ 2.00	-	\$ -
\$ 2.50	125,000	2.00	\$ 2.50	-	\$ -
\$ 3.00	125,000	2.00	\$ 3.00	-	\$ -
	2,525,000	3.42	\$ 1.23	800,000	\$ 0.84

Transactions involving stock options are summarized as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Options outstanding at December 31, 2017	1,510,000	
Granted	675,000	1.91
Exercised	-	-
Cancelled / Expired	(1,135,000)	1.51
Options outstanding at December 31, 2018	1,050,000	\$ 1.80
Granted	1,850,000	0.98
Exercised	-	-
Cancelled / Expired	(375,000)	1.43
Options outstanding at December 31, 2019	2,525,000	\$ 1.23

Aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$0 and \$0, respectively. Aggregate intrinsic value represents the difference between the Company's closing stock price on the last trading day of the fiscal period, which was \$0.44 and \$0.58 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and the exercise price multiplied by the number of options outstanding.

During the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company charged \$157,145 and \$19,098, respectively, to operations related to recognized stock-based compensation expense for stock options.

The exercise price grant dates in relation to the market price during 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	2019	2018
Exercise price lower than market price	-	-
Exercise price equal to market price	-	-
Exercise price exceeded market price	\$ 0.62 to 1.20	\$ 0.75 to 3.00

As of December 31, 2019, and 2018, there were 1,675,000 and 600,000, respectively, non-vested options outstanding.

# Accounting for warrants and stock options

The Company valued warrants and options using the Black-Scholes valuation model utilizing the following variables:

		mber 31, 2019	De	December 31, 2018			
Volatility		59.38-63.16%		43.0-48.1%			
Dividends	\$	0	\$	0			
Risk-free interest rates		1.79-2.49%		2.67-2.91%			
Term (years)		3.00-4.93		3.00-3.13			
	58						

# Stock Grants

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company granted the following shares of restricted common stock.

- 260,507 shares of common stock to its President and Chief Executive Officer with a fair value of \$150,000 pursuant to an employment agreement. 255,328 of these vested shares, net of taxes due, are included in common stock outstanding at December 31, 2019.
- 30,392 shares of common stock to its Director of Strategic Acquisitions with a fair value of \$16,398 pursuant to an employment agreement. 29,115 of these vested shares, net of taxes due, are included in common stock outstanding at December 31, 2019.
- -145,545 shares of common stock with a fair value of \$75,000 to a director pursuant to a compensation agreement. 48,515 of these vested shares were vested during the year ended December 31, 2019, and are included in common stock outstanding at December 31, 2019.
- -145,545 shares of common stock with a fair value of \$75,000 to a second director pursuant to a compensation agreement. 48,515 of these vested shares were vested during the year ended December 31, 2019, and are included in common stock outstanding at December 31, 2019.
- -100,000 shares of common stock with a fair value of \$54,000 to an employee pursuant to an employment agreement. 33,334 of these vested shares were vested during the year ended December 31, 2019, and are included in common stock outstanding at December 31, 2019.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company granted the following shares of restricted common stock which were unissued as of December 31, 2018:

- 100,000 shares of common stock to an employee with a fair value of \$54,000 pursuant to an employment agreement.

#### 17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

# **Contingent Liability**

Pursuant to the igourmet Asset Purchase Agreement, the Company recorded contingent liabilities in the original amount of \$787,800. This amount relates to certain performance based payments over the twenty-four months following the acquisition date as well as to certain additional liabilities that the Company has evaluated and has recorded on a contingent basis. During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company reduced this amount by \$392,900 as the performance goals for the first year were not met. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company reduced this amount by \$132,300 as the performance goals for the second year were not met. Also, during the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company paid the amount of \$39,000 in connection with the additional liabilities. At December 31, 2019, the amount of \$67,000 remains on the Company's balance sheet as a current contingent liability, and \$156,600 as a long term contingent liability.

Pursuant to the Oasis acquisition, the Company had a contingent liability in the amount of \$400,000 on connection with performance-based bonus obligations. During the year ended December 31, 2018, the company paid the amount of \$189,000 related to these obligations, and recorded a gain in the amount of \$11,000. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company paid the amount of \$200,000 in connection with these obligations; at December 31, 2019, there is no further liability related to these obligations on the Company's balance sheet.

Pursuant to the Mouth Foods LLC Asset Acquisition, the Company recorded contingent liabilities in the amount of \$240,576. These amounts relate to the estimate of certain performance based payments following the acquisition date as well as to certain additional liabilities that the Company has evaluated and has recorded on a contingent basis. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company paid the amount of \$120,576 in connection with these liabilities. At December 31, 2019, \$120,000 is classified as a current contingent liability.

# License Agreements

In May 2019, the Company entered into a royalty-based license agreement, through December 31, 2022 with a lifestyle brand, which provides the exclusive right, with certain carve-outs and limitations, to sell and promote branded gift baskets for certain channels including: retail, warehouse club stores, certain of the Company's current e-commerce channels, and other e-commerce channels such as amazon.com (the "May 2019 License Agreement"). Pursuant to the May 2019 License Agreement, the Company paid an initial royalty deposit in the amount of \$50,000 towards the minimum royalty, which is classified as other current assets on the Company's balance sheet at December 31, 2019. Future royalty amounts owed for minimum payments in connection with the May 2019 License Agreement will be deducted from this deposit The royalty rate is 5% of net sales, and the Company is required, with certain exceptions and exclusions, to make minimum royalty payments of \$100,000 through the end of 2020, \$110,000 in 2021, and \$125,000 in 2022, respectively.

# Litigation

On September 16, 2019, an action (the "PA Action") was filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia County, Trial Division, against, among others, the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Innovative Gourmet LLC and Food Innovations, Inc. The complaint in the PA Action alleges, inter alia, wrongful death and negligence by a driver employed by Innovative Gourmet and indicates a demand and offer to settle for fifty million dollars. We expect that should a settlement occur the amount would be substantially lower. The Company and its subsidiaries had auto and umbrella insurance policies, among others, that were in effect for the relevant period. While the initial response from the relevant insurance companies has been to provide coverage only under an auto policy, which has been fully offered, we intend to further aggressively pursue the Company's and its subsidiaries' insurance coverage under their umbrella and other available policies. In addition, the Company has been defending this action and believes that the likely outcome would result in any liabilities being covered by its insurance carriers. However, if the Company was found responsible for damages in excess of its available insurance coverage, such damages in excess of the coverage could have a material adverse effect on the Company's operations.

From time to time, the Company has become and may become involved in certain lawsuits and legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business, or as the result of current or previous investments, or current or previous subsidiaries, or current or previous employees, or current or previous directors, or as a result of acquisitions and dispositions or other corporate activities. The Company intends to vigorously defend its positions. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our financial position or our business and the outcome of these matters cannot be ultimately predicted.

# 18. MAJOR CUSTOMER

The Company's largest customer, U.S. Foods, Inc. and its affiliates, accounted for approximately 57% of total sales in each of the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018. A contract between our subsidiary, Food Innovations, and U.S. Foods entered an optional renewal period in December 2012 but was automatically extended for an additional 12 months in each of January 1, 2013 and 2014. On January 26, 2015 we executed a contract directly between Food Innovations, Inc., our wholly-owned subsidiary, and U.S. Foods, Inc. The term of the contract was from January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2016 and provided for a limited number of automatic annual renewals thereafter if no party gives the other 30 days' notice of its intent not to renew. Based on the terms, the Agreement was extended through December 31, 2018. Effective January 1, 2018 the Agreement was further amended to remove the cap on renewals, and provide for an unlimited number of additional 12-month terms unless either party notifies the other in writing, 30 days prior to the end date, of its intent not to renew.

# 19. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Our short-term financial instruments, including cash, accounts payable and other liabilities, consist primarily of instruments without extended maturities, the fair value of which, based on management's estimates, reasonably approximate their book value. The fair value of the Company's stock option, convertible debt features and warrant instruments is determined using option pricing models.

As a result of the adoption of ASC 815-40, the Company is required to disclose the fair value measurements required by ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures." The other liabilities recorded at fair value in the balance sheet as of December 31, 2009 are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Hierarchical levels, defined by ASC 820 are directly related to the amount of subjectivity associated with the inputs to fair valuations of these liabilities are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date;
- Level 2 Inputs other than Level 1 inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable; and
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs, for which little or no market data exist, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

As December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company did not have financial assets or liabilities that are required to be accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis.

# 20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

#### COVID-19

In December 2019, a strain of novel coronavirus (COVID-19) causing respiratory illness and death emerged in the city of Wuhan in the Hubei province of China. The coronavirus was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020 and has been spreading throughout the world, including the United States, resulting in emergency measures, including travel bans, closure of retail stores, and restrictions on gatherings of more than a maximum number of people. Included in these emergency measures is the mandated full or partial closure of restaurants and other foodservice establishments across the United States. These foodservice establishments represent a significant portion of our revenues and their continued closure would likely have a detrimental effect on our business.

# SBA Administered Loan

On April 21, 2020, the Company received loan proceeds of \$1,650,221 (the "Loan") under a recent congressionally-approved act. The Loan is administered by the U.S. Small Business Administration. The Loan to the Company is being made through Fifth Third Bank, National Association (the "Lender").

The term of the Loan is two years. The annual interest rate on the Loan is 1.00%. Payments of principal and interest on the loan will be deferred for the first six months of the term of the Loan. The promissory note evidencing the Loan contains customary events of default relating to, among other things, payment defaults, breach of representations and warranties, or provisions of the promissory note. The occurrence of an event of default may trigger the immediate repayment of all amounts outstanding, collection of all amounts owing from the Company, and/or filing suit and obtaining a judgment against the Company.

Under the terms of the Congressional act, Loan recipients can apply for and be granted forgiveness for all or a portion of the Loan granted under such act. Such forgiveness will be determined, subject to limitations, based on the use of loan proceeds for payroll costs and mortgage interest, rent or utility costs and the maintenance of employee and compensation levels. While the company currently anticipates that it will be eligible for a certain amount of forgiveness related to the Loan, no assurance is provided that the Company will obtain forgiveness of the Loan in whole or in part.

The impact of COVID-19 on the Company is discussed above in "Business – Growth Strategy," "Risk Factors," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – 2020 Plans" and elsewhere in this Report.

#### Line of Credit

On March 20, 2020, the Company drew down the amount of \$2,000,000 from its line of credit with Fifth Third Bank.

# **Delay in Filing of Annual Report**

On March 30, 2020, the Company filed a Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission stating that it will be relying on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Order under Section 36 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Modifying Exemptions From the Reporting and Proxy Delivery Requirements for Public Companies dated March 25, 2020 (Release No. 34-88465) to delay the filing of its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 due to circumstances related to COVID-19.

# **Board Members**

On January 30, 2020, our Board of Directors expanded the size of the Board and appointed James C. Pappas and Mark Schmulen (the "New Directors") to fill the two newly created vacancies.

Prior to Mr. Pappas' appointment to the Board, as described in a Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 30, 2020 (the "January 8-K"), the Company and Mr. Pappas entered into an Agreement (the "Agreement") which, among other things, provided that (i) the Company (x) will support the continued directorships of the New Directors at the next two annual meetings and (y) after 18 months will appoint another nominee of JCP (as defined in the Agreement") to the Board and support such nominee at the next annual meeting, provided that such nominee shall be subject to the approval (which shall not be unreasonably withheld) of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board and the Board after exercising their good faith customary due diligence process and fiduciary duties; and (ii) JCP and the Company agreed to certain standstill provisions, as more fully described in the Agreement.

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# **Issuance of Common Stock**

On January 10, 2020, the Company issued 2,381 shares of common stock with a fair value of \$1,119 to a service provider for services performed.

On January 29, 2020, the Company issued 38,973 shares of common stock with a fair value of \$17,149 to an employee as a bonus.

On February 3, 2020, the Company issued 2,381 shares of common stock with a fair value of \$1,167 to a service provider for services performed.

#### ITEM 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

#### ITEM 9A. Controls and Procedures

# **Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. We concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act were effective as of December 31, 2019 to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, and summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms and our disclosure controls and procedures are also effective to ensure that the information required to be disclosed in reports that we file under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our principal executive and financial officers to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

# Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-(f) under the Exchange Act. Our internal control over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets;
- (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of our consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors; and
- (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2019. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting — Guidance for Smaller Public Companies issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013). Management has identified a control deficiency regarding the integration of two acquisitions in 2018 and as a result management has concluded our internal control over financial reporting was ineffective at December 31, 2019 at the reasonable assurance level. Management of the Company believes that this deficiency is primarily due to the smaller size of the company's accounting staff in relation to certain continued system integrations related to the 2018 acquisitions of certain assets of igourmet LLC and Mouth Foods, Inc. To address this matter, we expect to retain additional qualified personnel and accounting and systems consultants to continue to remediate this control deficiency in the future.

# **Inherent Limitations over Internal Controls**

Internal control over financial reporting cannot provide absolute assurance of achieving financial reporting objectives because of its inherent limitations, including the possibility of human error and circumvention by collusion or overriding of controls. Accordingly, even an effective internal control system may not prevent or detect material misstatements on a timely basis. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Accordingly, our internal controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives.

# **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

We have made no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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# Attestation Report of the Registered Public Accounting Firm

This annual report does not include an attestation report of our independent registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by our independent registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the SEC that permit us to provide only management's report in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

# ITEM 9B. Other Information

None.

#### PART III

# ITEM 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Set forth below are the directors and executive officers of our Company, their respective names and ages, positions with our Company, principal occupations and business experiences during at least the past five years.

Name	Age	Position
Sam Klepfish	45	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
Justin Wiernasz	54	Director of Strategic Acquisitions and Director
Joel Gold	78	Director
Hank Cohn	50	Director
David Polinsky	49	Director
James C. Pappas	39	Director
Mark Schmulen	39	Director

#### **Directors**

# Sam Klepfish

Mr. Klepfish has been a director since December 1, 2005. From November 2007 to present Mr. Klepfish is the CEO of Innovative Food Holdings and its subsidiaries. From March 2006 to November 2007 Mr. Klepfish was the interim president of the Company and its subsidiary. Since February 2005 Mr. Klepfish was also a Managing Partner at ISG Capital, a merchant bank. From May 2004 through February 2005 Mr. Klepfish served as a Managing Director of Technoprises, Ltd. From January 2001 to May 2004 he was a corporate finance analyst and consultant at Phillips Nizer, a New York law firm. Since January 2001 Mr. Klepfish has been a member of the steering committee of Tri-State Ventures, a New York investment group. From 1998 to December 2000, Mr. Klepfish was an asset manager for several investors in small-cap entities.

# Joel Gold, Director

Mr. Gold is currently a partner in a merchant banking firm, and has served on the board and committees of numerous companies. Prior to that, he was an investment banker at Buckman, Buckman and Reid located in New Jersey, a position he held since May 2010. Prior there to, from October 2004, he was head of investment banking of Andrew Garrett, Inc. From January 2000 until September 2004, he served as Executive Vice President of Investment Banking of Berry Shino Securities, Inc., an investment banking firm also located in New York City. From January 1999 until December 1999, he was an Executive Vice President of Solid Capital Markets, an investment-banking firm also located in New York City. From September 1997 to January 1999, he served as a Senior Managing Director of Interbank Capital Group, LLC, an investment banking firm also located in New York City. From April 1996 to September 1997, Mr. Gold was an Executive Vice President of LT Lawrence & Co., and from March 1995 to April 1996, a Managing Director of Fechtor Detwiler & Co., Inc., a representative of the underwriters for the Company's initial public offering. Mr. Gold was a Managing Director of Furman Selz Incorporated from January 1992 until March 1995. From April 1990 until January 1992, Mr. Gold was a Managing Director of Bear Stearns and Co., Inc. ("Bear Stearns"). For approximately 20 years before he became affiliated with Bear Stearns, he held various positions with Drexel Burnham Lambert, Inc.

# Hank Cohn, Director

Mr. Cohn has been a director since October 29, 2010. Hank Cohn is currently CEO of P1 Billing, LLC, a revenue cycle management services provider to ambulatory medical clinics. P1 Billing is a spinoff of PracticeOne Inc., (formerly PracticeXpert, Inc., an OTCBB traded company), an integrated PMS and EMR software and services company for physicians. Mr. Cohn served as President and Chief Executive Officer of PracticeOne from December 2009 until December 2009, at which time he sold the company to Francison Partners, one of the largest, global technology focused, private equity firms in Silicon Valley. Prior to that, Mr. Cohn worked with a number of public companies. A partial list of his past and present board memberships include: Analytical Surveys, Inc., Kaching, Inc., and International Food and Wine, Inc., currently Evolution Resources Inc. Mr. Cohn also served as the executive vice president of Galaxy Ventures, LLC a closely-held investment fund concentrating in the areas of bond trading and early stage technology investments, where he acted as portfolio manager for investments.

#### Justin Wiernasz, Director of Strategic Acquisitions

Mr. Wiernasz has been a director since November 1, 2013. Effective on May 11, 2018, Mr. Justin Wiernasz resigned his position of President of Innovative Food Holdings, Inc. which he held since July 31, 2008 and assumed the position of Director of Strategic Acquisitions. Prior thereto he was the Executive Vice President of Marketing and Sales and Chief Marketing Officer of our operating subsidiary, Food Innovations, Inc. since May 2007 and the President of Food Innovations and our Chief Marketing Officer since December 2007. Prior thereto, he was at USF, our largest customer, for 13 years. From 2005 to 2007 he was the Vice President of Sales & Marketing, USF, Boston, and prior thereto, from 2003 to 2005 he was a National Sales Trainer at USF, Charleston SC, from 1996 to 2003 he was the District Sales Manager at USF, Western Massachusetts and from 1993 to 1996 he was Territory Manager, USF, Northampton, Easthampton & Amherst, MA. Prior to that from 1989 to 1993 he was the owner and operator J.J.'s food and spirit, a 110 seat restaurant.

# **David Polinsky, Director**

David A. Polinsky has been a director since July 24, 2019. Mr. Polinsky has served as Chief Financial Officer of Rafael Holdings, Inc. (NYSE: RFL) since December 2017. Mr. Polinsky co-founded Rafael Pharmaceuticals and served as its Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary from 2002 and as President, General Counsel and Secretary from 2016 through March 2018. He also served on Rafael Pharmaceutical's Board from 2002 until 2014. Prior to joining Rafael Pharmaceuticals, from 1996 to 2002, he served as Vice President and General Counsel for a New York-based real estate focused investment and management company, Square Management Corp., leading the investment analysis in and management of residential, office, retail and development properties. Previously and in partnership with the Honorable Edward I. Koch, former Mayor of New York City, Mr. Polinsky founded in 1999 and served as CEO of a company that licensed and developed TheLaw.com as a leading consumer focused legal information site. Mr. Polinsky earned his Juris Doctorate from Fordham University School of Law in 1996 and his Bachelor of Arts from Yeshiva University in 1993. Mr. Polinsky also earned the CFA Institute's Investment Foundations certificate.

# James C. Pappas, Director

James C. Pappas has been a director since January 30, 2020. Mr. Pappas has served as the Managing Member of JCP Investment Management, LLC ("JCP Management"), an investment firm, and the sole member of JCP Investment Holdings, LLC ("JCP Holdings"), since June 2009. Mr. Pappas has also served as a director of Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. (NASDAQ:TLF), a retailer and wholesale distributor of a broad line of leather and related products, since June 2016. Mr. Pappas previously served as a director of each of Jamba, Inc. (formerly NASDAQ:JMBA), a leading health and wellness brand and the leading retailer of freshly squeezed juice, from January 2015 until the completion of its sale in September 2018, U.S. Geothermal Inc. (formerly NYSEMKT:HTM), a leading geothermal energy company, from September 2016 until the completion of its sale in April 2018, and The Pantry, Inc. (formerly NASDAQ:PTRY), a leading independently operated convenience store chain in the southeastern United States and one of the largest independently operated convenience store chains in the country, from March 2014 until the completion of its sale in March 2015. He also previously served as Chairman of the board of directors of Morgan's Foods, Inc. (formerly OTC:MRFD), a then publicly traded company, from January 2013 until May 2014, when the company was acquired by Apex Restaurant Management, Inc., after originally joining its board as a director in February 2012. From 2005 until 2007, Mr. Pappas worked for The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. (NYSE:GS) ("Goldman Sachs"), a multinational investment banking and securities firm, in its Investment Banking / Leveraged Finance Division. As part of the Goldman Sachs Leveraged Finance Group, Mr. Pappas advised private equity groups and corporations on appropriate leveraged buyout, recapitalization and refinancing alternatives. Prior to Goldman Sachs, Mr. Pappas worked at Banc of America Securities, the investment banking arm of Bank of America Corporation (NYSE:BAC), a multinational banking and financial services corporation, where he focused on Consumer and Retail Investment Banking, providing advice on a wide range of transactions including mergers and acquisitions, financings, restructurings and buy-side engagements. Mr. Pappas received a BBA and a Masters in Finance from Texas A&M University.

# Mark Schmulen, Director

Mark Schmulen has been a director since January 30, 2020. Mr. Schmulen is a co-founder and has served as CEO of Chirp Systems, Inc., a venture-backed smart access solution for multifamily property owners, since October 2019. Mr. Schmulen has also served as the managing director of Jelly Capital, LLC, a private investment fund focused on early stage technology and real estate investments, since May 2015, and as an investment advisor representative for Forum Financial, LP, an independent investment advisor, since November 2016. Previously, he served as General Manager of Social Media for Constant Contact, Inc. (formerly NASDAQ:CTCT), a provider of digital marketing solutions, from May 2010 until May 2014. Prior to that, he was co-founder and served as CEO of Nutshell Mail, Inc., a social media marketing solution, from 2008 until its acquisition by Constant Contact, Inc. in 2010. Mr. Schmulen began his career as an investment banking analyst with JPMorgan Chase Bank. Currently, he serves on the board of directors for the Shlenker School, since August 2017 and is a Director of the HHF Foundation, benefiting early childhood education, since December 2014. Mr. Schmulen holds a B.S. from the University of Pennsylvania and an M.S. in Management from Stanford's Graduate School of Business.

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# **Key Employee**

#### John McDonald

Mr. McDonald, age 58, has been our principal accounting officer since November 2007; from November 2007 through October 2017, he was also our Chief Information Officer. From 2004 through 2007, Mr. McDonald worked as a consultant with Softrim Corporation of Estero, Florida where he created custom applications for a variety of different industries and assisted in building interfaces to accounting applications. Since 1999 he has also been President of McDonald Consulting Group, Inc. which provide consulting on accounts receivable, systems and accounting services.

# **Qualification of Directors**

We believe that all of our directors are qualified for their positions and each brings a benefit to the board. Messrs. Kelpfish and Wiernasz, as our officers, are uniquely qualified to bring management's perspective to the board's deliberations. Mr. Gold, with his lengthy career working for broker/dealers, bring a "Wall Street" perspective and Mr. Schmulen, with his private equity experience, and Messrs. Cohn and Polinsky, with their prior history of being executives and directors of other companies, bring a well-rounded background and wealth of general business experience to our board. Mr. Pappas, brings both his investment and corporate finance background and food industry experience to the board.

#### **Committees**

The Board of Directors currently has an Audit Committee, a Compensation Committee, and a Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The members of the Compensation Committee and of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee are Messrs. Gold, Cohn, Pappas and Schmulen and the members of the Audit Committee are Messrs. Gold, Cohn and Schmulen with Mr. Cohn designated as the Audit Committee Financial Expert. All of the members of each committee have been determined by the Board of Directors to be independent.

# **Agreements with Directors**

Prior to Mr. Pappas' appointment to the Board, as described in a Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 30, 2020 (the "January 8-K"), the Company and Mr. Pappas entered into an Agreement (the "Agreement") which, among other things, provided that (i) the Company (x) will support the continued directorships of the New Directors (as defined in the Agreement) at the next two annual meetings and (y) after 18 months will appoint another nominee of JCP (as defined in the Agreement") to the Board and support such nominee at the next annual meeting, provided that such nominee shall be subject to the approval (which shall not be unreasonably withheld) of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board and the Board after exercising their good faith customary due diligence process and fiduciary duties; and (ii) JCP and the Company agreed to certain standstill provisions, as more fully described in the Agreement. As of the date hereof, the New Directors referred to in the Agreement are Messrs. Pappas and Schmulen.

#### **Code of Ethics**

We have adopted a Code of Ethics that applies to each of our employees, including our CEO, our principal financial officer, as well as members of our Board of Directors. A copy of such Code has been publicly filed with, and is available for free from, the Securities and Exchange Commission.

# Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

During 2019, Mr. Polinsky filed late a Form 3 and three Forms 4. Messrs. Klepfish, Wiernasz, Gold and Cohn did not file one Form 4. None of the unfiled Forms 4 related to the public sale of securities.

# **ITEM 11. Executive Compensation**

The following table sets forth information concerning the compensation for services rendered to us for the two years ended December 31, 2019, of our Chief Executive Officer, our principal financial officer and our highest compensated officer whose annual compensation exceeded \$100,000 in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, if any. We refer to the Chief Executive Officer and these other officers as the named executive officers.

# **SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE**

Name and							Stock		Option			-Equity tive Plan	Nonqualified Deferred Compensation	Al	ll Other	
Principal		Salary	]	Bonus		P	Awards		Awards		Comp	ensation	Earnings		pensation	Total
Position	Year	(\$)		(\$)			(\$)		(\$)			(\$)	(\$)		(\$)	(\$)
Sam Klepfish	2019	\$ 341,646	\$	-		\$	150,000	(b)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,493 (a)	\$ 494,140
CEO	2018	\$ 392,841	\$	-		\$	-		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,131 (a)	\$ 395,972
Justin																
Wiernasz	2019	\$ 376,955	\$	25,000	(c)	\$	16,398	(b)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	15,619 (a)	\$ 433,972
Director of																
Strategic																
Acquisitions	2018	\$ 378,378	\$	69,000	(c)	\$	44,528	(d)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	13,874 (a)	\$ 505,780
John																
McDonald	2019	\$ 210,477	\$	-		\$	-		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	8,405 (a)	\$ 218,883
Principal Accounting																
Officer	2018	\$ 199,650	\$	70,266	(c)	\$	-		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	9,054 (a)	\$ 278,969

- (a) Consists of cash payments for health care benefits.
- (b) Consists of the portion of restricted stock awards which were recognized as a period cost during the year for services as an executive officer.
- (c) Consists of a cash bonus paid during the year for services performed in the previous year.
- (d) Consists of a restricted stock award of 46,000 shares of common stock.

# Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End as of December 31, 2019

		0	ption Awards						
									Equity
									Incentive
								Equity	Plan
								Incentive	Awards:
								Plan	Market or
			Equity					Awards:	Payout
			Incentive					Number of	Value of
			Plan					Unearned	Unearned
			Awards:			Number of	Market	Shares,	Shares,
	Number of	Number of	Number of			Shares or	Value of	<b>Units or</b>	<b>Units or</b>
	Securities	Securities	Securities			<b>Units of</b>	Shares or	Other	Other
	Underlying	Underlying	Underlying			Stock That	Units of	Rights	Rights
	Unexercised	Unexercised	Unexercised	Option	Option	Have Not	Stock That	That Have	That Have
	Options (#)	Options(#)	Unearned	Exercise	Expiration	Vested	Have Not	Not Vested	Not Vested
Name	Exercisable	Unexercisable	Options(#)	Price (\$)	Date	(#)	Vested (\$)	(#)	(\$)
Sam									
Klepfish						300,000 (	a) \$ 132,000 (t	p)	

- (a) Restricted stock awards vest according to the following schedule: An additional 125,000 restricted stock awards will vest contingent upon the attainment of a stock price of \$2.00 per share for 20 consecutive trading days, and an additional 175,000 restricted stock awards will vest contingent upon the attainment of a stock price of \$3.00 per share for 20 consecutive trading days.
- (b) Amounts are calculated by multiplying the number of shares shown in the table by \$ 0.44 per share, which is the closing price of common stock on December 31, 2019 (the last trading day of the 2019 fiscal year).

#### **Director Compensation**

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Joel Gold	30,000	25,000 (a)	34,120 (b)	-	-	-	89,120
Sam Klepfish	-	-	34,120 (b)	-	-	-	34,120
Hank Cohn	67,500	25,000 (a)	34,120 (b)	-	-	-	126,620
Justin Wiernasz	-	-	34,120 (b)	-	-	-	34,120
David Polinsky	-	-	6,745 (c)	-	-	-	6,745

- (a) Represents the amount charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2019 for 90,000 shares of the Company's common stock with a fair value of \$45,000 and 55,545 shares of the Company's common stock with a fair value of \$18,515 vesting over a three-year period.
- (b) Represents the amount charged to operations during the year ended December 31,2019 for the following: (i) five-year options to purchase 90,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$0.62 per share, vesting over three years; (ii) five-year options to purchase 135,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$0.85 per share, vesting over three years; and (iii) five year options to purchase 225,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$1.20 per share, vesting over three years.
- (c) Represents the amount charged to operations during the year ended December 31,2019 for three-year options to purchase 50,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$1.20 per share, vesting over one year.

# **Employment Agreements**

Our subsidiary, Food Innovations, has employment agreements with certain officers and certain employees. The employment agreements provide for salaries and benefits, including stock grants and extend up to five years. In addition to salary and benefit provisions, the agreements include defined commitments should the employer terminate the employee with or without cause.

#### SAM KLEPFISH

Effective March 29, 2017, we entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Klepfish. The new agreement, which runs through December 31, 2019, maintained the current base salary and provides for all bonuses and salary increases to be approved by the compensation committee.

As of January 28, 2019, upon approval by the Company's compensation committee comprised solely of independent directors, we entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Sam Klepfish, our CEO, having an effective date of January 28, 2019 and terminating three years thereafter with up to two two-year extension periods. The agreement provides a base salary in the amount of \$300,000 with annual increases of at least \$25,000 and annual stock compensation of 50% of the base salary. The agreement also provides for additional bonuses of up to 25% of base compensation, based on increases in EBITDA (as defined in the agreement) and increases in our stock price as reflected in our market capitalization and other perquisites and benefits as detailed therein. The agreement also contains change of control, confidentiality, non-compete and non-solicitation provisions.

# JUSTIN WIERNASZ

Effective March 29, 2017, we entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Wiernasz. The new agreement, which runs through December 31, 2019, maintained the current base salary and provides for all bonuses and salary increases to be approved by the compensation committee.

As of January 28, 2019, upon approval by the Company's compensation committee, we entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Justin Wiernasz, our Director of Strategic Acquisitions, having an effective date of January 28, 2019 and terminating three years thereafter with up to two extension periods; one for two years and one for one year. The agreement provides a base salary in the amount of \$326,000 with annual increases of at least 5% and annual stock compensation of 5% of the base salary. This agreement was further modified to a base salary of \$350,000 in 2019. The agreement also provides for additional bonuses of up to 35% of base compensation, and based upon increases in our stock price as reflected in our market capitalization and other perquisites and benefits as detailed therein. The agreement also contains change of control, confidentiality, non-compete and non-solicitation provisions.

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#### Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

None of our executive officers has served as a director or member of a compensation committee (or other board committee performing equivalent functions) of any other entity, one of whose executive officers served as a director or a member of our Compensation Committee.

# ITEM 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The following table sets forth certain information as of May 11, 2020, with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock by (1) each person known by us to own beneficially more than 5% of the outstanding shares of our common stock, (2) each of our directors, (3) each Named Officer, and (4) all our directors and executive officers as a group. Unless otherwise stated, each person listed below uses the Company's address. Pursuant to SEC rules, includes shares that the person has the right to receive within 60 days from May 11, 2020.

		Number of Shares Beneficially		
Name and Address of Beneficial Owners		Owned	Percent of Class	
Sam Klepfish (Officer, Director)	(1)	2,612,449	7.5%	
Joel Gold (Director)	(2)	672,569	1.9%	
Justin Wiernasz (Officer, Director)	(3)	1,867,470	5.4%	
Hank Cohn (Director)	(3)	548,515	1.6%	
David Polinsky (Director)		699,650	2.0%	
James C. Pappas (Director)	(4)	4,333,628	12.6%	
Mark Schmulen (Director)		-	-	
A group consisting of Denver J. Smith, CRC Founders Fund, LP, Donald E. Smith, Richard G. Hill,				
Samuel N. Jurrens, 73114 Investments, LLC, Youth Properties, LLC, and Paratus Capital, LLC	(5)	2,700,120	7.9%	
JCP Investment Management, LLC	(6)	4,333,628	12.6%	
All officers and directors as a whole (6 persons)	(7)	10,734,281	30.2%	

- (1) Includes options to purchase 225,000 shares of common stock exercisable at July 5, 2020. Also includes 16,250 shares of common stock owned by Mr. Klepfish's spouse, ownership of which is disclaimed by Mr. Klepfish.
- (2) Includes options to purchase 225,000 shares of common stock exercisable at July 5, 2020. Also includes 18,400 shares of common stock held by Mr. Gold's spouse.
- (3) Includes options to purchase 225,000 shares of common stock exercisable at July 5, 2020.
- (4) Consists of 4,254,928 shares held by JCP Investment Partnership, LP and 78,700 shares in an account managed by an affiliated entity.
- (5) Pursuant to a Schedule 13D/A file on March 25, 2020 with the Securities and Exchange Commission, Mr. Denver Smith is part of a group which reports beneficially owning an aggregate of 2,700,120 shares, although Mr. Denver Smith only has sole voting and dispositive power over 765,637 of such shares. Mr. Smith's address is 52 Carlson Drive, Milford, CT 06460.
- (6) Consists of 4,254,928 shares of common stock held, directly and indirectly, by JCP Investment Management, LLC and 78,700 shares in an account managed by an affiliated entity, both of which entities are ultimately controlled by James C. Pappas who has sole voting and dispositive power. The address of JCP Investment Management, LLC is 1177 West Loop South, suite 1320, Houston, TX 77027. Information gathered from a Schedule 13D/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 27, 2019.
- (7) Consists of 9,834,281 shares of common stock held by officers and directors. Also includes options to purchase 900,000 shares of common stock exercisable at July 5, 2020.

# ITEM 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

We are not currently subject to the requirements of any stock exchange or national securities association with respect to having a majority of "independent directors". Messrs. Gold, Cohn, Polinsky, Pappas and Schmulen are "independent" and only Messrs. Klepfish and Wiernasz, by virtue of being our Officers, are not independent. Mr. Klepfish and Mr. Wiernasz do not participate in board discussions concerning their compensation.

# ITEM 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

# **Audit Fees**

The Company engaged Liggett & Webb P.A. ("LW") as our independent registered public accounting firm since November 9, 2012. During the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, LW billed us audit fees of approximately \$144,000 and \$128,000, respectively.

# Audit-Related Fees

The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for assurance and related services by LW that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our consolidated financial statements including our quarterly interim reviews on Form 10-Q and are reported under Audit Fees above.

# Tax Fees

LW tax fees were \$20,000 and \$20,000 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

# All Other Fees

LW has not billed any other fees since their engagement on November 9, 2012.

For the fiscal years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 the board of directors considered the audit fees, audit-related fees, tax fees and other fees paid to our accountants, as disclosed above, and determined that the payment of such fees was compatible with maintaining the independence of the accountants. Our board of directors pre-approves all auditing services and all permitted non-auditing services (including the fees and terms thereof) to be performed by our independent registered public accounting firm, except for de minimis non-audit services that are approved by the board of directors prior to the completion of the audit.

#### PART IV

#### ITEM 15. Exhibits

# EXHIBIT NUMBER

10.12

3.1 Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to exhibit 3.1 of the Company's annual report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2004 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 28, 2005) 3.2 Amended Bylaws of the Company (incorporated by reference to exhibit 3.2 of the Company's annual report Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 16, 2011) 3.2.1 Amended Bylaws of the Company (incorporated by reference to exhibit 3.2 of the Company's current report Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 23, 2018) 10.1 Employment Agreement with Sam Klepfish (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 21, 2012) 10.2 Employment Agreement Justin Wiernasz (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 21, 2012) 10.3 Loan Agreement between the registrant and Fifth Third Bank effective February 26, 2013 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 15, 2013) 10.4 Security Agreement between the registrant and Fifth Third Bank effective February 26, 2013 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 15, 2013). 10.5 Mortgage by registrant in favor of Fifth Third Bank effective February 26, 2013 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 15, 2013) 10.6 Note by registrant in favor of Fifth Third Bank effective February 26, 2013 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.4 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 15, 2013) 10.7 Employment Agreement with Sam Klepfish dated as of March 29, 2017 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2017) Employment Agreement with Justin Wiernasz dated as of March 29, 2017 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 10-K filed with 10.8 the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2017) 10.9 Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of January 22, 2018 by and among Innovative Gourmet, LLC, a subsidiary of the registrant, and igourmet LLC and igourmet NY LLC (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 30, 2018) 10.10 Loan Sale Agreement dated as of January 10, 2018 between Food Funding, LLC, a subsidiary of the registrant and UPS Capital Business Credit (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 30, 2018) 10.11 Fifth Amendment to Restated Loan Agreement dated February 28, 2018 between Fifth Third Bank and the registrant and its subsidiaries (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 29, 2018).

the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 29, 2018).

Promissory Note of the registrant and its subsidiaries in favor of Fifth Third Bank dated as of February 28, 2018 (incorporated by reference to

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10.13	<u>Draw Promissory Note of the registrant and its subsidiaries in favor of Fifth Third Bank dated as of March 13, 2018 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 29, 2018).</u>			
10.14	Master Loan and Security Agreement dated March 13, 2018 between Fifth Third Bank and the registrant and its subsidiaries (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 29, 2018).			
10.15	Employment Agreement with Sam Klepfish dated as of January 28, 2019 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 1, 2019)			
10.16	Employment Agreement with Justin Wiernasz dated as of January 28, 2019 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 1, 2019)			
10.17	Form of Director Agreement dated as of January 28, 2019 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 1, 2019)			
10.18	Eighth Amendment to Restated Loan Agreement dated as of November 9, 2019 between Fifth Third Bank, National Association, and the Registrant and certain of its subsidiaries (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 14, 2019).			
10.19	Promissory Note effective November 9, 2019 between Fifth Third Bank, National Association, and Innovative Food Properties, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 14, 2019).			
10.20	Mortgage, Assignment of Leases, Fixture Filing and Security Agreement date as of November 9, 2019 between Fifth Third Bank, National Association, and Innovative Food Properties, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 14, 2019).			
10.21	Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Real Estate dated as of August 9, 2019 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 14, 2019).			
14	Code of Ethics (incorporated by reference to exhibit 14 of the Company's Form 10-KSB/A for the year ended December 31, 2006, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 31, 2008)			
21	Subsidiaries of the Company			
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer			
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Principal Accounting Officer			
32.1	Rule 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer			
32.2	Rule 1350 Certification of Principal Accounting Officer			
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document			
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema			
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase			
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase			
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase			
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase			

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# INNOVATIVE FOOD HOLDINGS, INC.

By: <u>/s/ Sam Klepfish</u>
Sam Klepfish,

Chief Executive Officer and Director

Dated: May 14, 2020

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Name	Title	Date
/s/ Sam Klepfish Sam Klepfish	CEO and Director (Chief Executive Officer)	May 14, 2020
/s/ John McDonald John McDonald	Principal Accounting Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	May 14, 2020
/s/ Joel Gold Joel Gold	Director	May 14, 2020
/s/ Hank Cohn Hank Cohn	Director	May 14, 2020
/s/ Justin Wiernasz Justin Wiernasz	Director	May 14, 2020
/s/David Polinsky David Polinsky	Director	May 14, 2020
/s/ James C. Pappas James C. Pappas	Director	May 14, 2020
/s/ Mark Schmulen Mark Schmulen	Director	May 14, 2020

# SCHEDULE OF SUBSIDIARIES

Food Innovations, Inc. Food New Media Group, Inc.

4 The Gourmet, Inc. (d/b/a/ For The Gourmet, Inc.)

Gourmet Foodservice Group, Inc. Artisan Specialty Foods, Inc. The Haley Group, Inc.

Gourmet Foodservice Warehouse, Inc.

Organic Food Brokers, LLC

Gourmeting Inc.
Oasis Sales Corp.

Innovative Gourmet, LLC Food Funding, LLC Logistics Innovations, LLC M Innovations LLC P Innovations LLC

Innovative Food Properties, LLC

Florida Corporation Florida Corporation Florida Corporation Florida Corporation Delaware Corporation Florida Corporation Florida Corporation

Colorado Limited Liability Company

Delaware Corporation Florida Corporation

Delaware Limited Liability Company Delaware Limited Liability Company

# **EXHIBIT 31.1**

# Certifications

- I, Sam Klepfish, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Innovative Food Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 14, 2020

/s/ Sam Klepfish

Sam Klepfish, Chief Executive Officer

#### Certifications

- I, John McDonald, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Innovative Food Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 14, 2020

/s/ John McDonald

John McDonald, Principal Accounting Officer

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES OXLEY ACT OF 2002 CERTIFICATION

In connection with the Annual Report of Innovative Food Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Sam Klepfish, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

/s/ Sam Klepfish
Sam Klepfish
Chief Executive Officer and Director

May 14, 2020

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES OXLEY ACT OF 2002 CERTIFICATION

In connection with the Annual Report of Innovative Food Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, John McDonald, Principal Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

/s/ John McDonald John McDonald Principal Accounting Officer

May 14, 2020